| | | 1653 |
|---|-------------------|--|
| 1651 | | 1 PROCEEDINGS |
| UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | | 2 THE COURT: I have been very impressed with the high |
| FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ELOUISE PEPION COBELL, : Civil Action 96-1285 | | 3 quality of the lawyering in this case on both sides, but no |
| et al. : Plaintiffs : | | 4 the first honors in this courtroom go to the two young men who |
| : Washington, D.C. V. : Wednesday, June 25, 2008 | 14:10:48 | 5 have been operating the laptops. And so in their honor, we're |
| : DIRK KEMPTHORNE, Secretary : | | 6 going to have a little music. I think we go it takes just a |
| of the Interior, et al. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : | | 7 minute to stream. If you don't know bluegrass, then this will |
| TRANSCRIPT OF EVIDENTIARY HEARING | | 8 go completely over your head. |
| DAY 10 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JAMES ROBERTSON | | 9 (Audio played in open court.) |
| UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE | 14:13:04 1 | THE COURT: Now, we are gathered together for what I |
| APPEARANCES: For the Plaintiffs: DENNIS GINGOLD, ESQUIRE | 1 | 1 think is going to be the last court appearance in this case for |
| LAW OFFICES OF DENNIS GINGOLD 607 14th Street, NW | 1 | a while. And I was serious when I said that I enjoyed the |
| Ninth Floor Washington, DC 20005 | 1 | lawyering in this case. You've all done a terrific job. I do |
| (202) 824-1448 | 1 | have some questions. You have some answers of your own, but let |
| ELLIOTT H. LEVITAS, ESQUIRE WILLIAM E. DORRIS, ESQUIRE KILPATRICK STOCKTON, L.L.P. | 14:13:31 1 | me just go over two or three issues that are in my mind. And I |
| 1100 Peachtree Street Suite 2800 | 1 | don't mean by any means to foreclose anything you want to say to |
| Atlanta, Georgia 30309-4530 (404) 815-6450 | 1 | me. I want to hear whatever you've got to say by summary or |
| KEITH HARPER, ESQUIRE JUSTIN GUILDER, ESQUIRE | 1 | argument in this case. And these are not in any particular |
| KILPATRICK STOCKTON, L.L.P. 607 14th Street, N.W. | 1 | 19 order. |
| Suite 900 Washington, D.C. 20005 | 14:13:57 2 | But I need some clarification from both sides about the |
| (202) 585-0053 | 2 | Osage money. And by the way, if the representative of the |
| DAVID C. SMITH, ESQUIRE DANIEL R. TAYLOR, JR., ESQUIRE KILPATRICK STOCKTON, L.L.P. | 2 | Osage Nation is here, when counsel for both sides are finished |
| 1001 West Fourth Street Winston-Salem, North Carolina 27101 | 2 | arguing, I will give you an opportunity to speak on the subject |
| (336) 607-7392 | 2 | 24 if you wish to. |
| Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net | 14:14:20 2 | MR. GODFREY: Thank you, Your Honor. |
| | | Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 <u>kingreporter2@verizon.net</u> |
| 1652 For the Defendants: ROBERT E. KIRSCHMAN, JR., ESQUIRE | | 1654 |
| JOHN WARSHAWSKY, ESQUIRE MICHAEL QUINN, ESQUIRE | | 1 THE COURT: I don't think I quite fully understand what |
| J. CHRISTOPHER KOHN, ESQUIRE | | 2 use the government is making of the Osage data, and for what |
| GLENN GILLETT, ESQUIRE U.S. Department of Justice | | 3 reason the government calculates the Osage money moving through |
| 1100 L Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005 | | 4 the IIM system. Is it solely to offset or to respond to the |
| (202) 307-0010 | 14:14:40 | 5 plaintiffs' use of it? Does the Osage money belong in the |
| JOHN STEMPLEWICZ, ESQUIRE | | 6 calculation at all, from the government's point of view? |
| Senior Trial Attorney U.S. Department of Justice | | 7 For the plaintiffs, I need to know what evidence there |
| Commercial Litigation Branch Civil Division | | 8 is in this record, if any, that Osage headright share money |
| Ben Franklin Station | | 9 actually entered into or was supposed to enter into the IIM |
| P.O. Box 975 Washington, D.C. 20044 | 14:15:07 1 | 10 system. I know that there are Osage IIM accounts, but I'm |
| (202) 307-1104 | | 11 talking about the Osage mineral rights money that is generally |
| For the Osage Nation: MERRILL GODFREY, ESQUIRE | | 12 called headright money. Have the plaintiffs presented any |
| AKIN GUMP STRAUSS HAUER & FELD, LLP 1333 New Hampshire Avenue, NW | | evidence that those headright shares actually entered the |
| Washington, D.C. 20036-1564 (202)887-4000 | | system, or are they merely assumed to have, or is the argument |
| | 14:15:30 1 | • |
| Court Reporter: REBECCA STONESTREET Official Court Reporter | | And I suppose I may hear from the Osage Nation as part |
| Room 6511, U.S. Courthouse 333 Constitution Avenue, N.W. | | 17 of this argument this afternoon what their view is about what |
| Washington, D.C. 20001 | | 18 role, if any, Osage headrights money should play in this whole |
| (202) 354-3249 | | analysis of withheld or not properly paid out IIM monies. |
| Proceedings reported by machine shorthand, transcript produced | 14:16:01 2 | |
| by computer-aided transcription. | | interest is something of which I probably don't have |
| | | jurisdiction, so the plaintiffs have been talking throughout |
| | | about benefit to the government. But there is also an interest |
| | | calculation or an interest number, properly so named in this |
| | 14:16:31 2 | |
| Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 <u>kingreporter2@verizon.net</u> 1 of 48 sheets Page 1651 to | 1654 of 1 | Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1745 06/27/2008 03:17:34 PM |

| | 1655 | | 1657 |
|--------------------|--|-------------------|---|
| 1 | interest to the Indians. And what I need to know from the | | disbursement rates, even at points where there are data, don't |
| 2 | government is how they read that statute, and what if anything | | 2 seem to mesh with the data? It's a calculated rate, but I |
| 3 | does it have to do with the issues that are before me now in | | wonder if all the actual data that is available has been |
| 4 | this case. | | 4 properly factored into the disbursement rate that you've |
| 14:16:59 5 | And for the plaintiffs I'm interested in knowing | | 5 calculated. |
| 6 | whether there is any evidence that the government made a | | 6 And at a more general level, I want to hear from the |
| 7 | specific investment of Indian funds for its own benefit, or is | | 7 plaintiffs about whether they think their reliance, almost total |
| 8 | the theory that it inherently benefits from the retention of | | 8 reliance on the CP&R data for a disbursement rate, is really |
| 9 | funds, and are the plaintiffs asserting that an award of actual | , | quite plausible. What corroborating evidence is there |
| 14:17:31 10 | interest by virtue of the statute is appropriate in this case? | 14:22:31 | |
| 11 | The CP&R data - that is, the exact use of the CP&R data | 1 | 1 was paid out to them; would auditors have given even qualified |
| 12 | in this case - remains something of a mystery to me. I need to | 1: | opinions if there were any evidence that upwards of 25 percent |
| 13 | understand better than I do why the parties disagree about the | 1: | 3 of the monies collected and intended for beneficiaries were |
| 14 | percentage of CP&R checks that were cashed. The defendants in | 1 | 4 disappearing. |
| 14:18:11 15 | their brief say only about two-tenths of one percent of the | 14:22:56 | 5 I've got a couple more questions, but I think I'm |
| 16 | dollars were not cashed; the plaintiffs say that number is | 1 | 6 probably sort of overloading you now anyway. And they're not |
| 17 | closer to six percent. And I need to know a little bit more. | 1 | 7 very well organized. I'm waiting for you to organize them. |
| 18 | Maybe you can remind me of where it is in the record where those | 1 | 8 Who goes first, Mr. Dorris, Mr. Smith? |
| 19 | numbers come from. | 1: | MR. SMITH: Your Honor, did you want to address |
| 14:18:34 20 | For the defendants, as I understand the testimony, it | 14:23:16 | exhibits now or wait until after the closing arguments? We had |
| 21 | looks like NORC relied on or actually directly used information | 2 | 1 not introduced the exhibits at the close of evidence. |
| 22 | which your own experts said would systematically underreport | 2: | THE COURT: Are there disputes about the exhibits? |
| 23 | receipts. I'm talking about the 1906 Sundry Act in which | 2 | MR. SMITH: We've consented to all of the defendants' |
| 24 | Dr. Angel said it would underreport receipts. And I understand | 2 | 4 exhibits. Apparently the defendants object to two of our |
| 14:19:03 25 | that NORC used that number anyway. If that's conceded, then | 14:23:27 2 | 5 exhibits. |
| | Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 <u>kingreporter2@verizon.net</u> | | Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 <u>kingreporter2@verizon.net</u> |
| | 1656 | | 1658 |
| 1 | what is the effect? What's the bottom line effect? | | THE COURT: And which two do the defense object to? |
| 2 | Also, it appears that some of the data from CD&L | | MR. SMITH: Exhibit 65, which was Mr. Pallais' document |
| 3 | regarding receipts and disbursements from the general ledger has | ; | Where he had about 200 reports and you could hyperlink to see |
| 4 | some duplicate numbers, no numbers for some years. What's the | | 4 the actual report, and Exhibits 58 and 124. It had the same |
| 14:19:34 5 | effect of that? Or are you sticking by the duplicates? Are the | | document number, excuse me. And that was Mr. Kehoe's report on |
| 6 | duplicate numbers just appropriate estimates? What is your | | 6 IIM banking. |
| 7 | position on those? | | THE COURT: What's the objection? |
| 8 | The Morgan Angel estimate of Tribal IIM of 10 percent | | MR. SIEMIETKOWSKI: And fortunately, Your Honor, |
| 14:20:01 10 | for many years and 15 percent for some years struck me when I | _ | because of cooperation with counsel, there are indeed only two |
| 14:20:01 10 | heard it, and still strikes me as a big round number, and I'm | 14:24:07 | |
| 12 | not sure whether the government is sticking to that number in | 1 | |
| 13 | the face of the plaintiffs' argument and evidence that the real number is more like two percent. Has the government done any | 1: | |
| 14 | recalculation of that? | 1. | . , |
| 14:20:26 15 | Now, there's some puzzled faces at defense table, and | 14:24:17 | |
| 16 | it may be puzzled because I don't understand what the evidence | 1 | |
| 17 | is. And if I don't, I'm happy to be re-educated. | 1 | |
| 18 | A big question for the plaintiffs is whether they are | 1 | |
| 19 | effectively conceding that the CP&R data, which is the major | 1 | |
| 14:20:59 20 | premise of their disbursement rate, does not include amounts | 14:24:39 2 | • |
| 21 | disbursed to tribes, third parties, so called stakeholders, and | 2 | |
| 22 | others who do not have IIM accounts. And if that is conceded, | 2: | |
| | | 2 | MD_CIENTETYON/CVI. It is moreled so both 50 and 124 |
| 23 | don't you have to concede that the calculated disbursement rate | | MR. SIEMIETKOWSKI: It is marked as both 58 and 124. |
| 23 24 | don't you have to concede that the calculated disbursement rate systematically understates total estimated disbursements? | 2 | |
| | | 14:24:56 2 | THE COURT: All right. And what about 65? |

1659 1661 1 1 PX-65, which is the compendium of documents that was prepared by really two issues, primary issues in front of us to address. 2 plaintiffs' counsel. 2 One has to do with the amount of money that has come into the 3 3 THE COURT: Oh, the compendium, yes. Trust that remains and that the defendants cannot account for or 4 4 MR. SIEMIETKOWSKI: Right. And filed on May 30th in show has been distributed; the second has to do with the benefit 5 5 opposition to our motion in limine. In our view it is a biased, 14:28:06 the government has received from those funds, or the specific 14:25:12 6 6 relief to which the plaintiffs are entitled as a result of the slanted view of what the cited documents represent and should 7 7 not be admitted for that reason. If the document were admitted, statutory duty to pay. 8 8 Your Honor, plaintiffs could cite to it without any reference to Your Honor, with respect to the restitution of 9 9 the underlying documents that provide context to more accurate plaintiffs' money, I want to visit with you on revenues and 14:25:30 10 14:28:35 10 portrayal of the events at the relevant time. This is of distributions, in that order. Now, with respect to the 11 11 special concern for defendants upon appeal, where the Court will restitution of plaintiffs' monies and dealing with revenues, 12 12 not necessarily have heard the context surrounding the there are really four topics that I want to address with you. 13 compendium as Your Honor has. 13 The first is the method of estimating the data points 14 14 Now, of course, Your Honor, as I've discussed with and adjustments made to those, Tribal IIM and Osage. The method 14:25:45 15 14:28:57 15 counsel, we have no objection to plaintiffs admitting each and of estimating, Your Honor, really comes down between an approach 16 16 every one of the documents cited within the compendium in their that Drs. Cornell and Palmer used in terms of straight line 17 17 entirety, and they can quote from those in their filings as we interpolation between points. While defendants' counsel 18 18 can as well. In our view, though, the compendium itself, PX-65, initially raised objections to that, their own statistician has 19 should not be admitted. 19 confirmed that that is a reasonable approach and a good model 14:26:03 **20** 14:29:21 **20** THE COURT: All right. Well, I'll receive the for doing it. I would submit to you, especially as we look a 21 21 compendium, but on the understanding that it is essentially a little further into the evidence, the one objection they seem to 22 listing of selected quotations from longer documents. And if 22 make had to do with during the Depression time frame, where the 23 23 the government feels the need to cite any larger part of the plaintiffs in the initial data in their model had very few data 24 24 context, either in opposition or if it, heaven for fend, goes to points, so a straight line between the points was objectionable 14:26:26 **25** 14:29:41 **25** the Court of Appeals, you may feel free to do so. In other to the defendants. Now, with many more data points during that Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1660 1 1 words, it will be received essentially as a surrogate for the period of time, I think that objection has been addressed and we 2 2 longer documents that they're quoted from. will discuss it. So I would submit to you that with respect to 3 3 And I'll sustain the objection to 58 and 124. It's a the method of estimating missing values from the data that we 4 4 draft have here, that plaintiffs' approach has been validated. 5 5 MR. SIEMIETKOWSKI: Those are the only two objections 14:30:05 With respect to Dr. Scheuren, Dr. Scheuren's own 14:26:49 6 6 we had. Your Honor. testimony is that his model was really designed to show the 7 7 MR. SMITH: Your Honor, can we provide the list of uncertainty in the data, and was not really a good model for 8 exhibits to the Court and have them introduced into the record? 8 showing point estimates at any particular time. He testified 9 9 THE COURT: Yes, of course. specifically to that. 14:26:59 10 14:30:20 10 MR. SIEMIETKOWSKI: For the record, we will do the same So let me turn to the data points and the adjustments 11 11 as well. Your Honor. that were made, and to talk about that. In order to put this 12 12 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Dorris? into context, I want to look for a minute at what the 13 13 MR. DORRIS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. differences were when we came into court at the start. 14 THE COURT: Good afternoon, sir. 14 Plaintiff Exhibit 41 initially showed revenues of about 14:27:11 15 14:30:41 15 MR. DORRIS: I learn something new every day, and a \$15.1 billion. DX-371, which is the updated AR-171, shows 16 musical interlude before closing is certainly something new for 16 revenues of 14.3 billion, but that contains approximately a 17 17 billion dollars in interest. So when you compare apples to 18 THE COURT: Calms the nerves, doesn't it? 18 apples, there's about a billion, nine difference between the two 19 19 MR. DORRIS: It is great. Thank you. revenue totals to begin with, not including interest. 14:27:24 **20** 14:31:10 **20** Your Honor, I think I have anticipated most of your Now, that gap quickly closed during the course of the 21 21 questions, and I will try to weave those into my remarks, but case. You will see where the parties were initially, at 15.13 22 22 will pick up the list toward the end of anything I have not billion and 13.24 billion, which was the defendants' number 23 covered in the outline as I have put it. 23 without interest. But Dr. Scheuren, as he sat and listened to 24 24 We appreciate your time and your attention and patience the testimony of Michelle Herman and we looked at the CD&L 14:27:45 **25** 14:31:37 25 during these nine days of this important trial. There are summary of the data between 1972 and 1985 alone, he said that Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1663 1665 1 1 would cause him to move up to needing to use a 97-and-a-half understatement of that. 2 2 percent confidence factor, given all of the uncertainty, and 1968, plaintiffs used; Dr. Scheuren did not. 3 3 according to his testimony, that would add about 400 million, I Dr. Scheuren acknowledged -- when we showed him the \$121 million 4 4 think it was \$409 million, onto the net. number out of the audit that year, he indicated that he would 5 5 So clearly Dr. Scheuren, recognizing the uncertainty in 14:35:57 have used that had he been aware of it. You'll recall Dr. Angel 14:32:04 6 6 indicated at first on cross when confronted with it if he missed the data at least during that time frame, moved toward 7 plaintiffs' number. 7 it and he should have used it; the next day he said, no, I've 8 8 Now, Dr. Palmer, who sat and listened to the testimony, looked at it some more now and I think that was an average. 9 9 attempted to respond, I think in a very professional way, to Well, that's a little bit like jumping from the frying pan into 14:32:20 10 14:36:15 10 weigh the testimony and then put it into the plaintiffs' model, the fire, because instead of just using 121 million for one 11 11 moved plaintiffs' revenue estimate about \$500 million down, to year, you could arguably use it for two or three. Dr. Palmer 12 12 \$14.64 billion that have come into the Trust. Now, how did he continued to use 1968 based on that hard evidence of 13 13 do that? He did that by looking at the various data points and \$121 million, did not use it for several. But I submit he 14 14 trying to use as many data points as he could. One of the could. That goes a long way to explaining why we saw the blue 14:32:48 15 14:36:34 15 bar higher than the red bar in Plaintiffs' 190 during that time exhibits that he showed us yesterday I think is very telling in 16 16 frame what it shows with respect to the parties' revenue totals. 17 17 You'll see here, this is Plaintiffs' Exhibit 190. You The second major area of disagreement with respect to 18 18 will see Dr. Scheuren is in the red, Dr. Palmer's 189-A revenue the data points then comes from 1972, it should say, to 1995, 19 19 estimate is in the blue. You will see they move hand in hand. where the plaintiffs are using the defendants' own exhibit at 14:33:16 **20** 14:36:54 20 There are some differences, but just to step back and look, you the last trial, AR-171, and are not accepting certain 21 21 can see that there's much greater similarity than there is unsupported deductions that Ms. Herman has made to them. And I 22 disparity. 22 will cover that in some more detail. 23 23 But let's focus for a second on where there is some of From 1996 on to 2007, the two parties are using the 24 24 the disparity, so that can help focus our discussions about the same data points for revenue. 14:33:33 **25** differences. If you'll look at Plaintiffs' Exhibit 190, you'll 14:37:16 25 Now let me turn and look at these two areas of revenue kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 1664 1666 1 1 see in the late 19 teens, we are higher, and you will see that difference, 1923 to 1949 and 1972 to 1995, and explore that a 2 2 that continues on past that into the '20s and '30s. little further 3 3 Let's talk about 1923 to 1949. This is one of the Then again you will see over in approximately the 1960 4 4 to 1970, the blue line goes higher than the red line. The two areas of your inquiry as we started. I think I don't need to 5 14:37:41 5 track again together, but then there is some -- the blue is cover all of this in light of the question that you have asked, 14:34:02 6 6 but let me say this: It is clear from the record that revenues higher than the red some when you get into the late 1980's. And 7 7 so this helps show where the plaintiffs' model comes out to be a in the reports used by Dr. Angel and Ms. Herman and then 8 little bit higher than Dr. Scheuren's model as we turn to 8 Dr. Scheuren in his model are understated during that period. 9 9 address those. It is obvious because the reports are only reporting on what's 14:34:24 10 14:38:04 10 in the hands of the disbursing agents and does not even cover Now, here are the data points that we used. Now, 11 11 Dr. Palmer attempted to combine all of the data points, those funds paid into Treasury and that are in Treasury. 12 12 that had been used initially by the plaintiffs and those that Now, how do you go about making an adjustment? There 13 13 had come up to the defendants. And in the early years, both are only two alternatives there. We can throw the data out or 14 sides used 1909 to 1911 for the revenues. Both sides used it. 14 we can accept that data and try to work with it in some adjusted 14:34:49 15 14:38:24 15 1915 to 1920, the complaint by the defendants was that the fashion. If you throw it out, we have little if any indication 16 reports that Dr. Cornell and Palmer had taken the information 16 between these 45 or 6 years, Your Honor. So Dr. Palmer 17 out of included some amounts for unallotted lands. That has 17 testified he accepted the data to try to work with it and made 18 18 been removed, so the data we believe is correct for revenue an adjustment. 19 19 between 1915 and 1920. And that addresses the first place that You can't make a perfect adjustment. You asked the 14:38:48 **20** 14:35:14 20 we saw the red -- the blue bar going higher than the red bar on question yesterday, how do you deal with some of these words of 21 21 Plaintiffs' Exhibit 190. "deplorable"? How do you quantify them? It's impossible to do 22 22 Now, 1923 to 1949 is one of the areas that you have it. But we're having the work -- given the state of the 23 noted a question, and I want to come back to that. That is what 23 defendants' documents that they've maintained, we're having to 24 24 I would submit to you is one of the primary issues and work with what is reasonable. 14:39:07 **25** 14:35:34 **25** differences between us with respect to revenue and I submit to you what Dr. Palmer did in going to Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1667 1669 1 1 Defendants' 365 and taking the 77 percent, especially in light result of primarily transaction mapping that had been done. 2 2 of the fact that Defendants' Exhibit 375 does not include any Again, where is the support for that? She has none, and in fact 3 3 Tribal IIM, was a reasonable approach to try to do it. At least testified she couldn't even go back and begin to tell you where 4 he showed some logic and thinking behind how to go about trying 4 that money went, because once they did it, they changed the data 5 5 to make that estimate. Is it perfect? Absolutely not. It's 14:43:36 and changed the system. 14:39:27 6 6 So what the plaintiffs submit to you was such not an exact science, but it's using the data and adjusting for 7 7 a known problem. That's what we submit is reasonable. unexplained -- clearly this isn't just an opaque box, this is a 8 8 We don't think that there's any evidence that the black box where these adjustments were made. Let's live with 9 9 disbursements were likewise understated during that period to the data that the defendants testified to last October from 14:39:47 10 14:43:56 10 any part of the degree to which the revenues are. those years, before they start monkeying with the electronic 11 11 Now let me turn to 1972 to 1995. Those are really two database in a way they can't even explain to us or show to us. 12 12 periods. The first period is 1972 to 1985. That is a period Now, as we move forward and we look at the revenue, I 13 13 where both in AR-171 and then in the new Defendants' submit to you that Dr. Palmer's approach of taking the data that 14 14 Exhibit 371, Ms. Herman used a summary that was prepared by the we have laid out here and put into his model which Dr. Scheuren 14:40:24 15 accounting firm of CD&L which was a summary of some of the 14:44:24 15 said was reasonable ends up with a reasonable approach. There 16 16 reports, hard copies of the reports from the electronic data in are two more revenue parts, though, that we need to talk about, 17 17 the electronic accounting system that was in place during those Tribal IIM and Osage. 18 18 years. Now, this is one of the things you asked about, Judge. 19 19 Now, with respect to revenue, there's no question that An estimate without any foundation, any explanation, is nothing 14:40:48 **20** 14:44:50 20 that was incomplete. There were 89 -- 88 agencies listed on but a guess. And that is what we have from Dr. Angel. I will 21 21 Defendants' Exhibit 372 at pages 116 through 118. In 1972, tell you that when Dr. Angel testified on direct, they didn't 22 22 even ask him about it. It was only during cross where we tried 26 agencies were reporting they had \$132.6 million; six years 23 23 later, with almost twice as many agencies reporting, they had to find out, could you explain to us the 10 to 15 percent, I 24 24 419.1 million. In 1982, with 57 agencies reporting, it was would submit to you that the testimony is that it cannot be 14:41:20 **25** 14:45:12 **25** \$600 million. explained. It's just something that he told Ms. Herman. It is Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1668 1670 1 1 not evidence, it should not be used. Especially in light, as So there's no question in our mind but that this 2 summary is clearly incomplete and misses a lot of the revenue. 2 you've referred to already today, that there was documentary 3 3 Were oil prices going up and what people were selling oil for evidence that was gone over with Dr. Angel from the early 1980's 4 during that time frame increasing? Yes, they were. We 4 where Tribal IIM was running one or two percent. 5 5 recognize that explains some of the increase, but we would 14:45:33 14:41:35 Now, not only was that one or two percent is all that 6 submit to you, as I think Michelle Herman agreed in her 6 was in Tribal IIM, but even in some of that were per capita 7 7 cross-examination, that clearly the incompleteness of the data funds which were in a Tribal IIM account but they were really 8 was also a reason that you see this kind of increase. 8 money that was intended for individual Indians. They were per 9 9 Now, the adjustment that was then made by Ms. Herman at capita funds that needed to be paid to individual Indians. 14:41:56 10 14:45:56 10 the tail end between last October and this trial was she knocked They've testified there's no way to segregate what was 11 11 off \$20 million, saying that there was a beginning balance of Tribal IIM from what was intended for individual beneficiaries, 12 12 about 500,000 in 1984 and about 19-and-a-half-million dollars in but they have testified and documents show that they required 13 13 1985. And I stood here and asked her, can you show us anything all the Tribal IIM money to get out of the Trust, and that they 14 other than this one entry on a chart you prepared in the 14 have succeeded in doing that. Even Ms. Herman's Defendants' 14:42:20 15 14:46:21 15 documents to support that? And she could not. Exhibit 371 shows that money quit flowing in as Tribal IIM at 16 And even more so, then, when we turn to the period of 16 some point, and there is no evidence in the record at all that 17 17 1986 to 1995, the deductions -- this says 1985. It should say there's any Tribal IIM money that is still left in the Trust. 18 18 1995. The deductions in the black box -- now, last October the None. They've not proven that there's a penny of Tribal IIM 19 19 defendants brought Ms. Herman into court and she testified that that is left there. So I would have to tell you, I think it is 14:46:45 **20** 14:42:49 20 really a red herring. the database that she had been working with and manipulating for 21 21 many years showed certain figures during this same period of '86 Now let's go to Osage. There are about two or three 22 to '95. Now she came in this time and said that essentially 22 issues with Osage, Your Honor, that I would like to visit with 23 \$243 million that she had testified to in revenue in October had 23 you on. The first is, I think I would say fairly, a legal 24 24 disappeared. question, which is, is the money that's being held by Treasury, 14:43:15 **25** 14:47:13 25 What you'll recall, Your Honor, she said this was the is that money Tribal Trust money or is that money individual Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1671 1673 1 Indian beneficiaries'? Your question, I submit to you, is not 1 disbursements. I cannot help but to look to the law for a 2 2 quite the right question on that. And here's my problem with minute when we go to talk about disbursements. Your Honor, we 3 3 it: end up -- I don't know that I've ever been in a trial where both 4 4 You indicate, did the Osage headright money that is sides struggled as mightily as the two sides here to prove what 5 5 paid directly to headright owners, did that ever come into the 14:51:38 the correct numbers were. That's very telling. It's very 14:47:38 6 6 IIM system? My concern is this sense of system, simply because telling, but it really points to the fact that the government 7 it's been discussed a lot. There is -- as the Treasury 7 has done a very poor job as trustee of this trust, and keeping 8 8 witnesses testified, I think it was Mr. Grippo, there is no and performing a fundamental trust obligation of preserving and 9 9 IIM system at Treasury. So what we have here are funds that maintaining the trust records. 14:48:02 10 14:52:02 10 have come into the government that are intended for, and the So I am sure there were many times during this trial 11 11 1906 act makes clear, are being held for the credit of that you felt frustrated with the parties that they could not 12 12 individual members of the Osage tribe, and therefore those are provide you with greater precision. Well, we couldn't. We had 13 trust funds of individual Indians being held by the government. 13 to work with the records that were there. Let's look at the 14 14 Now, the fact that they call it a Tribal account does defendants' burden for a minute. 14:48:30 15 14:52:20 15 not change the nature of those funds any more so than if they In the pretrial order you cited to an Indiana Law 16 took all of the individual accounts today and called them Tribal 16 Review that I think sets it out very well that "The defendant 17 17 accounts. They would still be for individual Indians. has the burden of proof to establish expenses, losses, or other 18 18 So I would submit to you that the legal question is one deductions which it has claimed reduce the amount due the 19 19 to be resolved that those are being held for the benefit of plaintiff. It will be presumed that funds or property 14:48:54 **20** 14:52:44 **20** individual Indians. And I would submit to you that this unaccounted for were misappropriated and expenses unexplained 21 21 artificial sense of, quote, "system" does not exist. It's a were not incurred, with all inferences resolved against the 22 question, what is the nature of the funds that the government is 22 defendant on these issues. If the defendant claims expenses but 23 23 holding in trust? fails to support these claims without adequate evidence, the 24 24 plaintiff recovers the gross amount proven because the defendant Now, there was a question also about the number of 14:49:16 **25** 14:53:04 **25** headrights. It's one of those issues I had to kind of laugh has failed to meet his burden of proof." Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1 1 about. Ms. Herman gave us certain figures on the Osage early And these same concepts have been consistently followed 2 2 on; she multiplied all the Osage per shares by 2,229, which is in this circuit for many years. Both the Cafritz and the 3 3 the number of headrights that got established in 1908. So from Rosenak case, which I've got two quotes from each and I will not 4 4 1880 through 1907, she used 2,229. That's, guite frankly, the read to you here, Your Honor, but in both of those cases it is 5 5 clear both this court and the DC Circuit follow that law. It same thing that the plaintiffs had done in initially preparing 14:53:26 14:49:47 6 6 Attachment A, but then Dr. Angel criticized that and said there was the defendants' burden to prove with particularity what has 7 7 weren't that many headright owners early on. And so Dr. Palmer been paid out. I will tell you, they didn't get close to doing 8 attempted to adjust it down, an adjustment Ms. Herman did not 8 that. There was never any proof of disbursements in terms of 9 9 even make. checks, in terms of check registers. It was at a summary level, 14:50:06 10 14:53:54 10 at best. Now, it was pointed out yesterday that Dr. Palmer, in 11 11 using a straight line interpolation across that time frame Now let's move through the different issues that deal 12 12 one year, that there were a couple hundred more headright owners with disbursements. I will go through quickly a series, Your 13 13 in his calculations than some document Mr. Warshawsky showed to Honor, from Plaintiffs' Exhibit 65, the compendium, which I 14 him. I will tell you that I think Dr. Palmer's was a reasonable 14 might indicate to you has links to all of the documents 14:50:29 15 14:54:15 15 themselves. effort to respond to the evidence that was provided, and as he 16 16 said, if the government can show exactly how many headright You will see here from 1914, the government itself owes 17 owners there were during that period, those are easy adjustments 17 many millions of dollars for Indian monies which it has 18 18 that can be made in the model. converted to its own use, and it is of interest to note that it 19 19 Now, with respect to the proof of payments outside of does not know and the officers do not know what is the present 14:54:39 **20** 14:50:47 20 CP&R and EFT, I'm going to pause on that and come back when we condition of the Indian funds in their keeping. 21 21 talk about disbursements, because that's something that you have Likewise, when we look further in that compendium to 22 22 asked specifically about. But I would note for you that without 1929, you will see a similar quote there. And on the third line 23 even proof of all of these payments, plaintiffs' model has about 23 here on the screen you'll see where it's referring to that they 24 75 percent of all of the Osage money being paid out. 24 cannot tell you about the expenditures that have been made. 14:51:12 **25** 14:54:54 **25** Now, let me turn, Your Honor, now to talk about Likewise, when we look further in the compendium to Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1675 1677 1 1 1952 and 1953, it again talks about problems that are had there. So let's talk about the different data points that we 2 2 And halfway through that paragraph you can see that they don't have to with respect to disbursements. Here on the screen are 3 3 have supporting records of receipt or disbursement. Here you really four points that I want to visit with you specifically 4 4 have the language of "deplorable condition" that we looked at about disbursements. From 1887 to 1922, Dr. Palmer is using a 5 5 yesterday. And these are talking about the ISSDA records on 14:59:01 disbursement rate that he calculated from the years 1909 to 14:55:15 6 6 1911. That comes out to a disbursement rate that I think is which Dr. Angel was relying. 7 7 When we look just a little further into the compendium, approximately 77 percent. It's got something after the 77, it 8 8 as we get even closer to the modern era of 1969, we talk may be 77.3, but approximately 77 percent. That's the best we 9 9 about -- they address here that you do not have any effective could do during that period. 14:55:38 10 14:59:23 10 control over information flow between the Bureau's Special Quite frankly, that is consistent with -- when I was 11 11 Disbursing Agent in Albuquerque and the area and agency offices, cross-examining Dr. Scheuren, he said that yes, his model, the 12 12 and they cannot reconcile the total assets and the total way he had it all tied together in his opaque box, showed about 13 liabilities. 13 a 95 percent disbursement rate during that period, but he would 14 14 And even a little further in the compendium, Your agree that 1909 to 1911 would be the best indication of the 14:55:57 15 14:59:48 15 Honor, as we keep this march of time going on, you see a quote disbursement rate during this period. We've applied it on to 16 16 from 1982 from Plaintiffs' Exhibit 65, where in the fourth line 1922. I would say that may be longer than my question to 17 you see they talk about system operating deficiencies, including 17 Dr. Scheuren, but I would submit to you that's the best we can 18 18 inadequate controls over cash receipts and disbursements. This do with the data we have at that period. 19 19 Now, we accepted the disbursement rate that was from is exactly during the time that we're talking about the CD&L 14:56:20 **20** 15:00:08 20 ledger that we'll talk about later. 1923 to 1949. There was an adjustment made over on the revenue 21 21 And as we move even a little further, here we're side of that data that I've talked about, but we've accepted the 22 talking about that difference between the general and subsidiary 22 disbursement rate that was there. Were there disbursements out 23 23 ledgers, where we've got \$46 million out of balance, and the of Treasury during that period? There's no evidence of that. 24 24 unreliability of the documents. We don't know. We tried to adjust the revenue side, I think 14:56:39 **25** 15:00:28 **25** So when we talk about that it's the defendants' burden, Dr. Palmer tried to adjust it in a conservative fashion, and so Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1678 1 1 that's why there's not a difference on the disbursement data and then we talk about the unreliability of the documents coming 2 2 from the systems over all of these years, we have to keep both point there. 3 3 of those points in mind as we begin to look at what is fair and 1955, this is one where Dr. Palmer looked at the data. 4 4 right to give any credit to here. it says about 66 million was disbursed, and he adjusted it 5 5 As a practical matter, Your Honor, I would submit to 15:00:47 downward because he saw a number of problems in that report with 14:57:04 6 6 you that in a typical trust situation that every dollar of respect to disbursements, and therefore he applied a factor to 7 7 revenue that has been proven or reasonably approximated by the that to say that he does not believe that all of that was 8 plaintiffs and shown would be awarded to them because the 8 actually disbursed out away from the Trust. 9 9 With respect to Attachment C, Attachment C, Your Honor, defendant trustee has not proven the disbursements. We 14:57:30 10 15:01:10 10 recognize, though, that there have been some amounts paid out, is where the CP&R data is used to calculate actual disbursement 11 11 and we recognize that this court may be reluctant to apply that rates. Now, it was not just the CP&R data, though. At first 12 12 standard trust law in this particular setting. So what we have plaintiffs did not have the EFT data that is maintained on the, 13 13 tried to do, we've tried to work with the information the best quote, "PACER" system. That's not the same PACER system that 14 we can to come up with something fair and reasonable. 14 the court system uses; it stands for something else. But we 14:57:50 15 15:01:35 15 But let's remember, this isn't one of those things -received that last Friday, and Dr. Palmer ran that and included 16 we love to say what's good for the goose is good for the gander. 16 that in his calculations now. You asked a number of questions 17 This is not the situation before us right now. On the one hand 17 about the PACER system and the PACER data. 18 18 we have the plaintiffs, that had no obligation to keep the Now, the first question you asked is that there is a 19 19 documentation, and where there are admissions in the record at percentage that's set out I think in the defendants' brief that 14:58:15 **20** 15:02:03 **20** quoted about two-tenths of one percent. That has to do with a their summary level that we want to use as admissions against 21 21 interest against them; we're entitled to do that. But when we limited part of the checks that were not cashed in terms of a 22 22 come over here and we look at where the trustee is and what the limited payability data. 23 trustee was obligated to do, and they want to rely on some 23 The data that you have and the evidence you have in 24 24 unreliable summary level information to try to say millions more front of you now, Your Honor, is that there was a higher 14:58:34 **25** 15:02:21 25 have been paid out, they're not entitled to do that, Your Honor. percentage of checks that were not cashed, and that's coming Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1679 1681 1 1 directly from the defendants' -- both the Treasury's CP&R data this difference between interfund and intrafund transfers. She 2 2 itself, the exhibit that we've used, and with respect to later says intrafund transfers aren't even disbursements. Well, I 3 3 data that Mr. Winters even testified about. agree with her, but I also agree with her they're not transfers, 4 4 So I would tell you that the percentage they refer to because that money never leaves the Treasury, no more so than 5 5 there, they're not comparing apples to apples. That has to do 15:06:37 transfers out, these BB transfers, are just moving it to another 15:02:46 6 6 with limited payability, and we'll try to tie that down even account and never leave the Treasury. 7 7 tighter for you in the findings of fact that we submit to you. Now, the audits do not help the government on this 8 8 Now, you asked also about the CP&R data. Now, let me point, Your Honor. Not at all. Let's look at that. From 1988 9 9 get this right. You remember the chart of Ms. Herman. When you to 1990, Arthur Andersen audited essentially BIA; from 1996 to 10 15:07:06 10 15:03:11 think about the CP&R data with the EFT data, that covers all of 2007 there was an audit of what's now called OFTM by Griffin, 11 11 the disbursements that go out to the beneficiaries, that go out and at some point during those years it transferred over to 12 12 to the third parties, that go out to the stakeholders. It may KPMG. We know that all of those are qualified audits. And this 13 13 even include some disbursements to the tribes. Okay? goes right to the heart of one of your questions, which picks up 14 14 The whole issue that we begin to deal with when we talk on a question that Mr. Warshawsky asked yesterday: Would an 15:03:36 15 15:07:29 15 auditor issue even a qualified opinion where he's uncertain about disbursements to the tribes is this issue of transfers. 16 16 Now, the transfer issue is a very difficult one to address if about the disbursements? Well, I can tell you, these auditors, 17 17 you step -- if you do not keep in mind the fundamental burdens and we'll look at the quotes and we'll cite the exhibits right 18 18 here. It was the defendants' burden to prove. here, that's exactly what they did. 19 19 Now, let's deal with transfers. Your Honor, you noted But what did Interior understand these audits to mean? 15:04:08 **20** 15:07:45 20 during Dr. Palmer's testimony that you thought that that may Right here, what does a qualified audit mean? Interior's own 21 21 explain much of the difference between what the CP&R data shows, Inspector General put it this way in Plaintiffs' Exhibit 120 on 22 supplemented with the EFTs, and what may be in AR-171. The fact 22 page three. Talking about the problems and conditions of their 23 23 that the government needed to prove the amount of those books and records, he said, "These conditions prevented the cash 24 24 transfers and who those transfers went to and why they went to and trust fund balances and the receipts and disbursements from 15:04:30 25 15:08:09 25 being audited." He acknowledged they did not even audit the them was clear before we started this trial. Attachment A Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1680 1682 1 1 didn't give them any credit for those transfers, didn't give receipts and disbursements. 2 2 them even any credit for the EFTs. Once we got our hands on the If we look on further at that same exhibit, which is 3 3 EFT data from PACER, we've included that. the 1999 audit that Griffin did, they talk about there being on 4 4 page 32 - and that's note five on page 32 - significant There is at best episodic, a few random situations 5 5 15:08:31 where they've shown disbursements out, these BB disbursement estimates. "The preparation of financial statements requires 15:04:54 6 6 transfers out. They have not proven the disbursements, Your management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain 7 7 Honor. They did not meet their burden. reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results 8 Now, just as soon as we talk about they can't be given 8 could differ from these estimates." 9 9 It can't be any clearer that the auditors are saying credit for those disbursements out, the question becomes, well, 15:05:11 10 15:08:49 10 what about transfers with money coming in? How can the what's actually happening and what's actually there may be 11 11 plaintiffs fairly take that money coming in but not acknowledge different than what's in these financial statements. 12 12 transfers going out? Well, that's because not all transfers are In fact, in that same audit, a little further back on 13 13 equal. Much of the money, in fact the majority of the money page 46, they show that a weakness has to do with the control 14 that comes into trust for these individual Indian beneficiaries 14 over intrafund and interfund transfers. And they said, because 15:05:30 15 15:09:06 15 comes in by way of transfers. MMS is a transfer into the Trust of those issues, the auditors recommended a process be developed 16 16 for all of the oil royalties and other mineral rights that come and documented to consistently record transfers. 17 17 in. The record trails off from there, Your Honor. Did the 18 18 So the fact that the plaintiffs are saying we accept Government develop processes and document them to consistently 19 19 record transfers? We don't know. We know that Ms. Herman was the defendants' admissions about revenues and that we are 15:09:30 **20** 15:05:50 20 including some transfers there, but we want to hold their feet never asked to look into that issue. She said no one ever asked 21 21 to the fire to prove at least with some specificity transfers her to do it. We know that there's been no evidence here that 22 22 out is entirely appropriate. Judge, they knew that that was an they have done this, and developed and documented those 23 23 transfers, so either, one, they didn't do it and they have not issue and they've not proven it at all. 24 24 Michelle Herman, when she testified about transfers -proven it; or two, they did it and they didn't want to come in 15:09:49 **25** 15:06:14 **25** and to clarify the testimony, she said intrafund. She developed and show us the evidence regarding those transfers. Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

| | 1683 | | 1685 |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 | Now, let me also look for a minute, Your Honor, | 1 | Treasury; the money that was in commercial banks was controlled |
| 2 | about go back to a minute to the CD&L period where we talk | 2 | by Treasury and rolled into it in 1934. All the cash is |
| 3 | about transfers. And I think we have that in Summation. Can | 3 | deposited into Treasury, and all securities are redeemed by |
| 4 | you bring that up? I'll go quick, because I know you've seen | 4 | Treasury and all payments come from Treasury. Any money that is |
| 15:10:15 5 | THE COURT: Excuse me, Mr. Dorris. I'm sorry to | 15:13:35 5 | undisbursed remains in the Treasury General Account - that's the |
| 6 | interrupt you, but it occurs to me you've been up for about an | 6 | only cash account for the government - and that account, the |
| 7 | hour, and I didn't put any time limits on anybody, but I want to | 7 | evidence has been clear, is the account that the government |
| 8 | make sure the government gets some time to talk. What's your | 8 | looks to to make their borrowing determinations, and it's based |
| 9 | estimate here? | 9 | on the cash in the TGA, including the IIM funds. |
| 15:10:29 10 | MR. DORRIS: Your Honor, I think I've got about another | 15:13:54 10 | Quickly, let's look at what the evidence is. The first |
| 11 | 15 minutes, maybe 20. | 11 | is from a witness that testified in a previous trial, Your |
| 12 | THE COURT: Fine. Go ahead. | 12 | Honor. You did not have the benefit of seeing him testify, but |
| 13 | | 13 | his testimony could not be clearer. Commissioner Gregg |
| 14 | MR. DORRIS: I will go fast. I'm talking as fast as I can, but I'll try to wrap up in the next 20 minutes or so. | 14 | testified when asked the question, "Who gets the benefit of the |
| 15:10:43 15 | THE COURT: Considering your geographic origins, you're | 15:14:16 15 | money in the Treasury General Account?" And his answer was, |
| 16 | doing a good job, Mr. Dorris. | 16 | |
| 17 | | 17 | "Essentially the federal government. It certainly isn't |
| 18 | MR. DORRIS: Thank you. Judge, I want to go back. When we talk about disbursements in the electronic era and | 18 | credited to any" |
| 19 | | 19 | THE COURT: Commissioner Gregg is commissioner of what? |
| 15:11:01 20 | everything, here are the CD&L summaries that you've looked at | 15:14:30 20 | MR. DORRIS: He was a commissioner of first he was |
| 15:11:01 20 | before. These are the disbursement summaries. We're at | 15:14:30 20 | with the Public Debt, the Bureau of Public Debt, and then he was |
| 22 | Plaintiffs' Exhibit 372; this is page 120, where we've | 21 | the commissioner of FMS, which I think is the Financial |
| 23 | highlighted or put in red all of those where they've just got | 23 | Management Service at Treasury, which were the two groups at |
| 23 | disbursement from one year are the same, and the next page I | 23 | Treasury that it was testified to are involved in the borrowing |
| 15:11:21 25 | think is even worse than this. | 15:14:51 25 | decision. |
| 15:11:21 23 | So that this is an instance that has to do with now | 15:14:51 ZJ | THE COURT: All right. |
| | Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net | | Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net |
| | 1684 | | 1686 |
| 1 | applying, Your Honor, the percentage that was calculated from | 1 | MR. DORRIS: And he goes on to say, "What it means is |
| 1 | " ODOD 111 FFT 1 1 1 111 11 11 11 | 2 | • |
| 2 | the CP&R and the EFTs, why should that be applied to other | 2 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the |
| 3 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, | 3 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the |
| 3 4 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, estimates that we've got, and I think it's entirely reasonable, | 3 4 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the borrowing decisions that are made by the department and carried |
| 3 4 15:11:42 5 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, estimates that we've got, and I think it's entirely reasonable, where you have as long a period as we have of 1988 through 2002, | 3 4 15:15:05 5 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the borrowing decisions that are made by the department and carried out by the Bureau of Public Debt. So it means that, at least at |
| 3 4 15:11:42 5 6 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, estimates that we've got, and I think it's entirely reasonable, where you have as long a period as we have of 1988 through 2002, where we have the actual checks and the electronic transfers and | 3 4 15:15:05 5 6 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the borrowing decisions that are made by the department and carried out by the Bureau of Public Debt. So it means that, at least at the margin, the more that's collected and within the various |
| 3 4 15:11:42 5 6 7 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, estimates that we've got, and I think it's entirely reasonable, where you have as long a period as we have of 1988 through 2002, where we have the actual checks and the electronic transfers and can come up with a hard disbursement rate, to then use that in | 3 4 15:15:05 5 6 7 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the borrowing decisions that are made by the department and carried out by the Bureau of Public Debt. So it means that, at least at the margin, the more that's collected and within the various accounts within Treasury, the less Treasury has to borrow." |
| 3 4 15:11:42 5 6 7 8 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, estimates that we've got, and I think it's entirely reasonable, where you have as long a period as we have of 1988 through 2002, where we have the actual checks and the electronic transfers and can come up with a hard disbursement rate, to then use that in periods nearby when we were dealing with similar sort of | 3 4 15:15:05 5 6 7 8 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the borrowing decisions that are made by the department and carried out by the Bureau of Public Debt. So it means that, at least at the margin, the more that's collected and within the various accounts within Treasury, the less Treasury has to borrow." Similarly he testified further, and this is a little |
| 3 4 15:11:42 5 6 7 8 9 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, estimates that we've got, and I think it's entirely reasonable, where you have as long a period as we have of 1988 through 2002, where we have the actual checks and the electronic transfers and can come up with a hard disbursement rate, to then use that in periods nearby when we were dealing with similar sort of records. | 3 4 15:15:05 5 6 7 8 9 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the borrowing decisions that are made by the department and carried out by the Bureau of Public Debt. So it means that, at least at the margin, the more that's collected and within the various accounts within Treasury, the less Treasury has to borrow." Similarly he testified further, and this is a little smaller, Your Honor, he explained that Treasury treats the IIM |
| 3 4 15:11:42 5 6 7 8 9 15:12:02 10 | periods? Well, clearly the disbursement data here is, at best, estimates that we've got, and I think it's entirely reasonable, where you have as long a period as we have of 1988 through 2002, where we have the actual checks and the electronic transfers and can come up with a hard disbursement rate, to then use that in periods nearby when we were dealing with similar sort of records. Now, Your Honor, let's talk about the net of the | 3 4 15:15:05 5 6 7 8 9 15:15:26 10 | that to the extent that there are funds that come into the Treasury's General Account, those are considered in the borrowing decisions that are made by the department and carried out by the Bureau of Public Debt. So it means that, at least at the margin, the more that's collected and within the various accounts within Treasury, the less Treasury has to borrow." Similarly he testified further, and this is a little smaller, Your Honor, he explained that Treasury treats the IIM money and account like any other funds that come into Treasury, |
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1687 1689 1 1 know, to look at that to determine how much the borrowing has to Let's look at four features of this statute that I want 2 2 be at any given time." to visit with you on. The first is that it deals with funds 3 3 Similarly, Dr. Miller came and testified here on the deposited or invested. The drafters of this statute wanted to 4 4 first day of trial, Your Honor, that the monies in the Treasury make it very clear that interest was to be paid on funds that 5 5 15:16:26 General Account that should have otherwise been disbursed, it's 15:19:55 were deposited or were invested; either way, interest was to be 6 6 a benefit to the federal government because the federal paid. Second, it makes it clear that this statute applies to 7 7 government doesn't have to borrow that money. Now, while he all funds that come in to the government prior to October 25, 8 8 said he wasn't in meetings where those decisions were made, he 1994. We will show you the statute that then applies for 9 testified as a director of OMB that he knew how those decisions 9 periods after that. Third, this statute on its face is 15:16:41 10 15:20:20 10 were made, and it's more than just a common sensical inference retroactive. It's retroactive to the date the Secretary began 11 11 that he is making there. investing Individual Indian Monies on a regular basis. 12 12 Now, the testimony is -- Dr. Angel said that goes all Similarly, Your Honor, with Gary Grippo, who testified 13 13 before you, it was very clear that TGA, that the Treasury the way back to the beginning. That's when the Secretary 14 14 General Account is important in Treasury's borrowing decisions. started doing that, and Dr. Kehoe said he knows it goes back at 15:16:59 15 15:20:39 15 You see here what is quoted from the transcript at 1255, lines 3 least to 1899. So it goes all the way back. 16 16 through 11. And the question at the end is: "As a matter of And then fourth, where to the extent the claim is 17 fact, that's something that is standard. From as long as you 17 identified by a reconciliation process of Individual Indian 18 18 know Treasury, the Treasury General Account is an important Money accounts, nothing could be clearer, but that's exactly 19 19 factor in determining borrowing decisions. Correct?" what we are wrestling with here, Your Honor. 15:17:24 **20** 15:20:59 20 And the answer was yes. There are some other interesting statutes that I want 21 21 Now, he testified even further that the borrowing to show you. The next is what would apply to interest after 22 decisions are derived from the cash position, and go on and the 22 October 25, 1994. Let's go back. It's 25 U.S.C. 161. 23 23 question was: "And that's why you focus on the TGA, because 25 U.S.C. 161(a), sub part B, would apply to that. Now, Judge, 24 24 that's a cash account. Correct?" what's up on the screen now is 31 U.S.C. 9702. This is a 15:17:39 **25** And he said correct. 15:21:35 25 current version of the 1841 act that says that the government, Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1 1 for amounts held in trust by the United States government, and So what we have here is confirmation that money in the 2 2 TGA is what forms the basis for the borrowing decisions, and look at that parens, "including annual interest earned on the 3 3 that is why clearly the government has benefitted from holding amounts," so both the funds and the interest earned on those 4 4 the IIM monies all these years. amounts "shall be invested in government obligations and shall 5 5 Now, with respect to how to calculate that, I would 15:21:58 earn interest at an annual rate of at least five percent." 15:17:55 6 6 submit to you that Dr. Palmer's model and Dr. Cornell's model do Now, we've also introduced, as the asterisk here shows 7 7 a great job. Just to make sure that there's nothing you, a Secretary of Interior letter viewing the 1841 act as 8 misunderstood in his testimony, however, two important documents 8 binding and controlling. That's at Senate report number 46-186, 9 9 also help this. First, from the 2009 budget, OMB unequivocally at three, from 1889. The Secretary of Interior clearly viewed 15:18:28 10 15:22:22 10 states that deposit fund balances are available to finance that this is a controlling statute for them. 11 11 expenditures and are recorded as a means of financing other than Now, what did Professor Laycock say about how this 12 12 borrowing from the public, Plaintiffs' Exhibit 139. relates, the nature of this remedy? He said, and explained as 13 13 Treasury's fiscal year-end 2006 Performance and you see the testimony here, that with respect to the 14 Accountability Report clarifies that, quote, "Treasury is 14 25 U.S.C. 4012 statute that we looked at, he said, "Well, I'm 15:18:46 15 15:22:42 15 authorized to make expenditures and pay liabilities, includes not an expert on these statutes, and the judge can read them at 16 deposit funds." And these are deposit funds from 16 least as well as I can, but I can testify to the nature of the 17 Plaintiffs' 140. 17 remedy that would be involved in enforcing these statutes. The 18 18 Now let me turn to the issue regarding specific relief. statute on its face appears to require the payment of interest 19 19 Now, Your Honor, you asked about this statute, and this is on funds held for individual Indians." 15:22:58 **20** 15:19:08 20 25 U.S.C. 4012. And we're shifting now from talking about He goes on to make clear it's retroactive. And the 21 21 benefit conferred to talking about the same restitution type question at the bottom of the screen here is, "Is this the sort 22 22 relief in terms of specific relief that we're asking for. When of statutory obligation that existed in Bowen?" 23 23 the government talks about the no-interest rule, I've got to Answer: "Well, it's a statutory obligation to pay 24 24 tell you, this statute and others we'll show you, but this money. The obligation in Bowen was a very different statute, 15:19:31 **25** 15:23:17 25 statute by itself blows that whole issue out of the water. but it was also a statutory obligation to pay money. So the Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1693 1 remedy of specifically enforcing that statutory obligation would 1 everyone knowing of the injustices that were befalling them in 2 2 be the same remedy; it wouldn't be money damages, it would be this Trust. They are looking with hope because of where they 3 3 specific relief to enforce the statutory obligation." look, to this courthouse and this Courtroom 23. 4 4 That's exactly what we have here, Your Honor. They're not asking for a gift, they're not asking for 5 5 Now, let me conclude, Your Honor, in two areas, and welfare, they're not asking for a handout, they're simply asking 15:23:36 15:27:04 6 6 for what is theirs, their money. It has been their money and it I'll try to move quickly. The first has to do with finality. 7 7 It's time for the Cobell case to come to a close and that final is time for them to receive their money. 8 8 judgment be entered on the merits. In reassigning this case to Your Honor, I would like to close with three quotes, 9 9 this court, the Court of Appeals made it clear that it expected quickly, two from Cobell VI, one from Judge Lamberth, and ask 15:24:03 10 15:27:24 10 this case to be resolved expeditiously and fairly. This Court you to keep these in mind as you wrestle with this decision. 11 11 in Cobell XX has similarly noted that it's time to bring this The first passage from Cobell VI reminds us of the high standard 12 12 suit to a close. The only way to do that is to ensure that this of conduct the government should have conducted itself by: "The 13 proceeding results in a final judgment on the merits. To ensure 13 federal government has charged itself with moral obligations of 14 14 finality, plaintiffs propose the following: the highest responsibility and trust in its relationships with 15:24:25 15 15:27:45 15 First, plaintiffs requested earlier this year that in Indians, and its conduct should therefore be judged by the most 16 16 light of the inability to obtain an accounting, that this court exacting fiduciary standards." 17 17 order the restitution of certain lands. In response to that, The second quote, Your Honor, helps indicate the 18 18 the defendants have argued that that is beyond the scope of this significance of these trust funds to the plaintiffs, many of the 19 19 case. They indicated that issues related to the way in which plaintiffs: "Given that many plaintiffs rely upon their IIM 15:24:44 **20** 15:28:08 20 trust assets are managed are outside the scope of this trust accounts for their financial well-being, the injury from 21 21 litigation. Plaintiffs will yield to defendants on this issue delay could cause irreparable harm to plaintiffs' interests as 22 and concede that the restitution of land claims is outside the 22 IIM Trust beneficiaries. Thus, it seems that the interests at 23 23 scope of this case. stake are not merely economic interests in an administrative 24 24 scheme, but personal interests in life." Second, the only other part of this case that arguably 15:25:02 **25** 15:28:27 25 remains a live issue, other than proceedings necessary to And the final quote, Judge Robertson, comes from your Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1692 1 1 implement this judgment, is trust reform, also referred predecessor in this case in a July 2000 memorandum of opinion 2 2 sometimes to as fixing of the system. Given that injunctive that was so forthright and raw that it helped lead to this case 3 3 relief in that regard has proven to be elusive, to the extent finding its way to your chambers. And he wrote that he had a 4 4 trust reform remains a live issue, plaintiffs request that this quickly receding hope that something good might come out of this 5 15:28:53 5 case, and he wrote: "This hope is sustained in part by the fact court dismiss such claims without prejudice to ensure that this 15:25:26 6 6 case comes to a close. that the Indians who brought this case found it in themselves to 7 7 THE COURT: You want a 54(b) judgment? stand up, draw a line in the sand, and tell the government, 8 MR. DORRIS: Yes, sir, Your Honor. And should 8 enough is enough, this far and no further. Real justice for 9 9 plaintiffs prevail on the merits in this trial, there will of these Indians may still lie in the distant future, it may never 15:25:42 10 15:29:12 10 course be need to have further proceedings to implement the come at all. This reality makes a statement about our society 11 11 and our form of government that we should be unwilling to let final judgment, but we think it appropriate that otherwise this 12 12 case comes to a fair and expeditious resolution and a conclusion stand." 13 13 by a final judgment. Your Honor, in the summer of 2008, as these plaintiffs' 14 Your Honor, I know I have run long, and I have tried to 14 last resort in our much flaunted system of government, we ask 15:25:59 15 15:29:31 15 be faithful to your charge to dispense with the rhetoric. But I that the system not fail them, and that you hear the 16 would ask your brief indulgence as I quickly close. 16 reverberations of their refrain that enough is enough, this far, 17 500,000 Native Americans look to Washington here the 17 no further, it is our money. Thank you, Your Honor. 18 18 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Dorris. summer of 2008 with hope, 121 years after the Dawes Act, 19 19 14 years after the Trust Reform Act. They look to this city for Mr. Kirschman? 15:26:24 **20** 15:30:15 **20** hope, notwithstanding this city having been the headwaters of a MR. KIRSCHMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. 21 21 mighty river of injustices flooding down on them for decade Your Honor, you had stated repeatedly both before and 22 22 after decade. But it's because of where they're looking. during the course of this trial that it should be about the 23 They're not looking to the White House and the executive branch, 23 numbers, and we, defendants, responded to that and presented 24 24 they're not looking to Congress and the legislative branch, two credible, reliable numbers based on actual documents and valid 15:26:44 **25** 15:30:42 **25** branches that have failed them mightily over the years despite statistical analysis presented through credible, earnest Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1695 1697 1 witnesses. Plaintiffs, in contrast, have failed to justify 1 basis of my testimony is that's what the plaintiffs are 2 2 their grossly inflated claim for, by their most recent claiming, but whether or not what they're claiming really 3 3 calculations, \$47 billion. Calling the \$47 billion claim happened was not within the scope of my testimony." 4 4 grossly inflated is a serious understatement. Furthermore, Your Honor, we the defendants have 5 5 Plaintiffs have failed to present any credible 15:33:53 consistently urged that the remedy in this case must follow 15:30:58 6 6 testimony or evidence to justify that claim. In their from - that is, be causally related to - the alleged injury, 7 7 case-in-chief, plaintiffs bore the burden of establishing that which is the failure to provide a historical accounting. In 8 8 the government had wrongly failed to disburse approximately that regard, Professor Laycock testified in response to the 9 9 \$4 billion in IIM funds to IIM beneficiaries. However, this Court's own questions that plaintiffs', quote, "restitution 15:31:16 10 15:34:10 10 \$4 billion figure was supported by not one of the witnesses they claim is now focused not on the failure to account as such, but 11 11 presented to this court, and was contrary to the facts the inability to account continues to be relevant as an 12 12 established by defendants' witnesses and evidence throughout the evidentiary matter to the attempt to determine the difference 13 trial. 13 between income and disbursements." So, he says, "Restitution 14 14 Despite any evidence to justify it, plaintiffs have here, or specific relief, is not intended to be directly the 15:31:32 15 15:34:31 15 continually misstated the amount of funds that should be in the remedy for failure to account." 16 IIM system by including amounts that clearly do not belong 16 Now, Your Honor, this testimony from Professor Laycock 17 17 there, while at the same time understating disbursements from supports our position that plaintiffs are seeking a remedy that 18 18 the IIM system. is distinct and separate from the breach found by this court, 19 19 Even more pronounced was the failure of plaintiffs' and that is the failure to provide a historical accounting. And 15:31:46 **20** 15:34:46 **20** witnesses to establish any basis for their claim that the at least one of the reasons that is relevant here, Your Honor, 21 21 government benefitted from wrongfully withholding these funds, is the argument raised here, which is a legal argument, about 22 and that this benefit totaled \$58 billion, at least originally. 22 burdens of proof. 23 23 Based on the most recent calculations, plaintiffs now First I have to remind the Court that the Court of 24 24 claim that the total benefit to the government equals Appeals and Judge Lamberth as well have already stated that the 15:32:04 **25** \$47 billion. However, plaintiffs' most recently revised model 15:35:04 **25** standard presumptions related to a trustee in the private arena Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1698 1 1 presented by Dr. Palmer fails to account for relevant documents do not apply here in this case as it relates to the federal 2 2 and facts, and is comprised of baseless adjustments to the data government and the IIM Trust. 3 3 it does use. Second, and this relates to what Professor Laycock 4 4 Last week you asked for a summary of the testimony and stated, there is no duty before the last year to create 5 5 evidence you heard, and that's what I am prepared to present to aggregate trust records. That's what the Court has asked us to 15:32:21 15:35:24 6 6 you, Your Honor. You have now also asked questions, and I will present as an alternative. But when it comes to a duty and a 7 7 certainly attempt to answer those questions, or at least address related burden of proof, the duty has always been to individual 8 them to the best I can today. And we will certainly address 8 accountholders to perform a historical accounting related to 9 9 those questions further in our proposed findings of fact and their individual accounts. 15:32:37 10 15:35:43 10 conclusions of law. If I don't touch on one, please remind me So to the extent you can call it an accounting, 11 11 and I'll address it before I step down. Your Honor, in this trial, that accounting or that 12 12 But Your Honor, you saw plaintiffs' witnesses and you reconciliation of the records has nothing to do with the duty to 13 13 heard their testimony. Even a quick summary of this testimony account for an individual. And you've seen that. We've been 14 from plaintiffs' witnesses demonstrates how clearly they have 14 talking about aggregate figures, aggregate numbers. 15:32:55 15 15:36:03 15 failed to prove their case. Not one of their six witnesses in So the burden of proof that plaintiffs speak of, even 16 their case-in-chief testified affirmatively that the government 16 if it would be applicable, which it's not, does not lend itself 17 actually benefitted from wrongfully withholding funds. In fact, 17 to this case, to this trial, and to this determination by the 18 18 those who were questioned about plaintiffs' claim for a total of Court of an appropriate remedy. 19 19 \$58 billion firmly disavowed knowing anything about the factual Now, the second witness plaintiffs presented in their 15:33:17 **20** 15:36:26 **20** basis for it during their case-in-chief. case-in-chief was Mona Infield. And a lot of these witnesses 21 21 Professor Laycock testified first. While you haven't heard about at all before now, but I think it's 22 22 Professor Laycock spent a lot of time providing his legal important we go through the case-in-chief and what was actually 23 opinions regarding jurisdictional issues and the broad purpose 23 presented to you. 24 24 of restitution, his testimony did not support plaintiffs' claim Mona Infield was the first of three plaintiffs' 15:36:42 **25** 15:33:34 **25** for a dollar amount. Indeed, he candidly stated that, "The witnesses to testify generally that the data related to the Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1701 1699 1 1 disbursement of funds is not reliable. This testimony was He offered only vague, general statements about how the 2 2 essentially a rerun of what this court had already heard from United States Government may benefit by the flow of cash into 3 3 Ms. Infield in October. It clearly did not support plaintiffs' the Treasury General Account, but he did not provide evidence of 4 4 calculation of benefits, either the \$4 billion figure or the the actual fact or amount of the alleged government benefit, as 5 5 total \$89 billion figure at that time. 15:40:11 the Court required of plaintiffs in its May 2nd order. 15:37:05 6 6 Also, Ms. Infield's brief testimony about Osage Indeed, Mr. Miller acknowledged in response to your 7 7 headright funds was so vague and groundless as to constitute no questions, Your Honor, that he does not have any personal 8 8 support for plaintiffs' position related to the Osage headright knowledge regarding the government's day-to-day borrowing 9 9 fund. Ms. Infield testified that there is a, quote, "general decisions, but was only offering what he viewed to be a 15:37:26 10 15:40:26 10 understanding, and the culture at Osage is that Osage funds theoretical or strategic position. Therefore, Mr. Miller could 11 11 belong to individual headright shareholders." This assertion of not and did not establish whether the government in fact 12 12 a general understanding and a culture at Osage is unsupported by benefits from the holding of any IIM funds. 13 13 Plaintiffs' fifth witness, Dr. Cornell, was the only any evidence and is too vague to prove anything. 14 14 We then look, Your Honor, at the third witness witness who was identified by plaintiffs as offering any 15:37:43 15 15:40:46 15 plaintiffs put on in their case-in-chief, Mr. Ray Ziler. Like testimony regarding the calculation of the amount of the 16 16 Mona Infield, Mr. Ziler testified only that in his view the data government's benefit. However, Professor Cornell testified 17 17 related to the disbursement of IIM funds was not reliable. unequivocally that he was not offering an opinion as to the 18 18 Mr. Ziler's testimony was limited to his vague recollections correctness of the amount of funds he had calculated in his 19 19 based on his work with Arthur Andersen in 1988 through 1990; the model. He testified that while he believes his methodology. 15:38:05 **20** 15:41:05 **20** most detailed information he provided was based on documents linear interpolation, is in this case correct, he was not in 21 21 that plaintiffs' counsel had specifically provided to him so court to tell you, Your Honor, that the \$58 billion figure was 22 that he could speak to the issue of fraud with some definity. 22 actually the precise measure of the government's benefit from 23 23 And as the Court has noted more than once during this trial, an its alleged use of funds that couldn't be explained from the 24 24 act of fraud or theft of these funds does not prove a benefit to work we had done. 15:38:26 **25** 15:41:19 25 the government, because the government did not have use of that Professor Cornell testified, "While I think that Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1700 1702 1 1 requires work further than I've done," he explained that "I money. 2 2 As the Court correctly observed in regard to eventually made the assumptions that went into Attachment A. 3 3 Mr. Ziler's testimony, it only addressed the alleged But I did say to counsel in this matter that I was not a 4 4 unreliability of data roughly 20 years ago, but did not advance historian and had not been working on this matter long enough to 5 plaintiffs' position in this trial. And that's correct, it did 15:41:37 5 have delved into the nature of each number, so to some extent I 15:38:42 6 6 not relate to the figure that the Court has set out to am working at a very high level." 7 7 determine. And then, Your Honor, Professor Cornell left this case 8 In response to the Court's observation, plaintiffs' 8 without giving any further testimony. In light of the clear 9 9 counsel candidly acknowledged that this line of testimony, limitations that he himself placed on his testimony, it is clear 15:38:56 10 15:41:54 10 quote, "does not have a direct bearing on how and what numbers that he has not provided any factual support for plaintiffs' 11 you add up in a column to get that quantification of plaintiffs' 11 positions. 12 12 claim." Your Honor, the last of only six witnesses that 13 13 That took us then, Your Honor, to James Miller, the plaintiffs put on in their case-in-chief was Mr. Don Pallais. 14 former OMB director. He testified for plaintiffs as an expert; 14 And he also did not further plaintiffs' position. He offered 15:42:14 15 15:39:12 15 however, it became quickly apparent that Mr. Miller did not have views regarding only the reliability of data for the accounting 16 any detailed experience or expertise regarding any amounts not 16 of individual accounts, and, as I said, his testimony was 17 paid to IIM beneficiaries, or even regarding any alleged benefit 17 similar to that of Mr. Ziler's and Ms. Infield's. He offered no 18 18 to the government. Mr. Miller testified repeatedly that he was basis for finding of benefit to the government, because although 19 19 not testifying to any particular amount, and that plaintiffs' he discussed a potential for IIM funds to be lost or stolen, 15:39:33 **20** 15:42:33 **20** calculation of a \$54 billion benefit to the government was again, that doesn't show a benefit to the government. In short, 21 21 prepared under certain assumptions on which he could not verify. Mr. Pallais added nothing to plaintiffs' case. 22 22 He said, "I do not have requisite information to verify those And that was it, Your Honor. There was no more in 23 numbers." Mr. Miller went on to elaborate that "I can't comment 23 plaintiffs' case-in-chief. After 12 years of litigation, 24 24 on the actual data, the actual amounts, the net amounts that plaintiffs presented to you only six witnesses to establish 15:39:52 **25** 15:42:53 25 were retained by the government. I do not have that knowledge." their entitlement to billions and billions of dollars, Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1703 1705 1 1 58 billions of dollars -- \$58 billion, to be exact. Three of there's no reason for the parties to prepare and the Court to 2 2 these witnesses did not present any evidence that actually consider proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law on a 3 3 addressed, let alone proved, the validity of the numbers within claim for which plaintiffs have so clearly failed to present any 4 4 plaintiffs' claim, and the other three, Mr. Laycock, Mr. Miller, credible evidence. Absolutely no credible evidence, Your Honor, 5 5 15:43:14 and Dr. Cornell, who when asked specifically disavowed any 15:46:22 none. 6 6 responsibility for or the ability to vouch for the numbers Turning from that motion, I would like to summarize for 7 7 within plaintiffs' claim. you what followed from the defendants' witnesses and what they 8 8 Your Honor, no named plaintiffs testified in this case. established during our responsive case. In contrast to the 9 9 There were no named plaintiffs or other IIM beneficiaries at testimony plaintiffs offered the Court, we presented witnesses 15:43:37 10 15:46:43 10 this trial who testified that 70 percent of their money has been like Ms. Herman, Dr. Angel, and Mr. Rosenbaum, who personally 11 11 wrongfully withheld. There was no credible explanation from the reviewed the documents and explained reasonably where defendants 12 12 six witnesses who did testify as to why, for example, Tribal IIM numbers related to collections and disbursements came from, and 13 13 should be considered as part of total collections but then not how those numbers should be interpreted and used. 14 14 accounted for by plaintiffs when they calculated disbursements. We also presented the testimony of Dr. Scheuren, who, 15:46:58 15 15:43:59 15 unlike Dr. Cornell and Dr. Palmer, correctly used all of the Or why suddenly, for the first time, after 12 years of 16 16 litigation, all Osage headright revenue should now be viewed as data available to him and rationally countered for the 17 17 part of the individual IIM trust accounts. uncertainty of the mean number within his model by calculating a 18 18 This is the first time, as far as we can tell from lower and upper confidence bound. 19 19 looking at all of the decisions in this case, that the matter of Ms. Herman was defendants' first witness, as you'll 15:44:18 **20** 15:47:14 20 the Osage headrights has been addressed by this Court. It recall. She was uniquely qualified to testify about the flow of 21 21 certainly was not addressed related to the historical collections into and the disbursements out of the IIM system. 22 accounting. 22 Her testimony, as was summarized in her historical flow of funds 23 23 Nor did the six witnesses. Your Honor, offer, for chart pictured on the screen, was based on more than 11 years of 24 24 example, any credible basis for plaintiffs' factual assumption detailed review and analysis of the IIM system. 15:44:34 **25** 15:47:38 **25** that only current year revenues were ever disbursed throughout At the time of this trial, she and her team at FTI had Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1704 1706 1 1 the history of the IIM system, or why that compounding effect mapped over 119 million transactions within the IIM system as 2 that was addressed during the trial is appropriate in any way. 2 part of their data completeness validation work, or DCV work, as 3 3 you know it. Her testimony should be accorded great weight And most certainly, Your Honor, none of them provided any 4 4 factual basis to support plaintiffs' claim of a benefit to the because of that experience and that work with the actual 5 5 government. Plaintiffs clearly did not prove a reasonable documents. 15:44:53 15:48:01 6 6 approximation, as is the standard, to be disgorged as monetary Ms. Herman explained in much detail the research and 7 7 relief. analysis performed by FTI to update the throughput information 8 All of this nutates in favor of Your Honor granting the 8 that had been in AR-171, and that is now presented in DX-371. 9 9 Rule 52(c) motion that we had earlier filed against plaintiffs, She explained why AR-171 does not justify and cannot be 15:48:18 10 15:45:16 10 and that motion should be granted now. At the time you first reasonably relied upon to support a finding that \$4 billion 11 11 heard argument on the Rule 52(c) motion, you stated that you should have been paid into individual IIM accounts. 12 12 would not rule until the close of the evidence, and of course For example, supported by the documents of record, 13 13 now, Your Honor, the evidence is closed. Ms. Herman explained how Tribal IIM is tribal money and is not 14 During the first argument you indicated that the 14 and never has been receipts into individual IIM accounts. She 15:45:29 15 15:48:38 15 explained that Tribal IIM is only a portion of all tribal money government had the better of the argument regarding the 16 \$54 billion claim that the government had somehow benefitted 16 that has been collected and that has flowed through the IIM 17 from withholding IIM account funds, and you correctly stated 17 system over the years, and she addressed that specifically, 18 18 that when you ultimately would review that motion, you would do Your Honor, at transcript pages 474 and 475. And this, Your 19 19 so based on the record as it existed at the close of plaintiffs' Honor, is why Ms. Herman has relied upon total collections and 15:49:01 **20** 15:45:49 20 case. total disbursements to report the historical flow of funds 21 21 That record, as I just summarized, requires granting through the IIM system. 22 22 this motion. It should be granted at this time, Your Honor, not In contrast, plaintiffs include Tribal IIM and other 23 only because of the merits behind it that are clear, but also 23 tribal money in their collections, but fail to account for the 24 24 because there's no reason for the parties to prepare --Tribal IIM and other tribal money when it is disbursed as 15:46:04 **25** 15:49:19 25 especially as it relates to the benefit to the government claim, bookkeeping transfers. Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1707 1709 1 1 Ms. Herman also explained that a large part of the So that's why we have addressed the Osage, that's why 2 2 it was in AR-171 and that is why it's in DX-371. And the Osage headright revenues were not and never have been entered 3 3 into the IIM system in any way because they are paid directly by volumes in DX-372 behind the first volume contain the workpapers 4 4 the Osage with a check to the headright owners. She explained and the contemporaneous documents that Ms. Herman used and 5 5 that is why these funds should not be considered as collections 15:53:20 examined to try to determine the distinction between Osage funds 15:49:35 6 6 into the IIM system, and why it is wrong for plaintiffs' model that went directly to Osage accountholders and those that came 7 7 to include them as collections into the system. into the system. And you saw yesterday during the 8 8 And Your Honor, you asked specific questions this cross-examination of Dr. Palmer exactly how that division 9 9 morning about that. You asked: Why does the government show occurred through the documentation itself. 15:49:54 10 15:53:43 10 Osage data? And it is, Your Honor, because, as she stated, as Now, moving on -- oh, another thing I want to point 11 11 Ms. Herman stated, Osage funds do come into the IIM system, they out, Your Honor. It came up yesterday during the short 12 12 are transferred for certain IIM accountholders, and we presented arguments on the motion to intervene by the Osage, but it's 13 evidence of that. 13 important to keep in mind what this case, the Cobell case, is 14 14 But her testimony also made clear that a vast majority about, and what class is before this court. And Mr. Quinn 15:50:20 15 15:54:07 15 mentioned it, and I'll reiterate it. The February 4th, 1997 of that does not ever enter into the IIM systems, and you'll 16 16 recall one of the documents you saw yesterday from her volumes order certifying the class action specifically defined the class 17 17 demonstrates this. You'll recall, Your Honor, or you may as present and former beneficiaries of Individual Indian Money 18 18 recall, at least, that when her chart was up, she was asked, and accounts. That does not include every individual Indian who 19 19 where do the funds go, the Osage funds that are paid directly ever received money, it involves present and former 15:50:42 **20** 15:54:32 20 from the tribe? And she stated, it would be off this chart, it beneficiaries of Individual Indian Money accounts. And that's 21 21 would be another chart. what this case is about, that's what this case has been about 22 So the reason we show Osage revenues is because 22 since 1996. 23 23 Ms. Herman had to try to determine, and has determined, which of And again, what you won't see throughout the many 24 24 those funds were directed into IIM accounts. These would be, opinions is any reference to the Osage revenues. So that's why 15:51:03 **25** 15:55:00 25 for example, Your Honor, for minors or for incompetents, and she Ms. Herman considered it and this is the limitations to it. It Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1708 1710 1 1 provided testimony to that effect. does not include all Osage funds. 2 2 But what she also made clear, and I would like to draw Moving on, Ms. Herman also testified that FTI's 3 3 the Court's attention to transcript pages 539 and 540, she also calculations of total disbursements in her DX-371, in her 4 made clear that not all of the Osage annuity funds go into the 4 revised chart, includes all disbursements out of the IIM system. 5 5 IIM. So there's a limited reason we, the government, have And that's a very important point, Your Honor. This included 15:51:29 15:55:22 6 6 addressed those, because they are in limited circumstances part many disbursements from the IIM system to tribes that Ms. Herman 7 7 of the funds into individual IIM accounts. indicated could be identified by a, quote, "BB," end quote, 8 And if I could, I would just like to quote briefly some 8 notation within the contemporaneous documents, as well as the 9 9 of the questions and answers on those pages I referred to. notation appearing in the TFAS and IRMS systems. 15:52:01 10 15:55:46 10 Ms. Herman testified that some component of the Osage annuity is THE COURT: What do you say, Mr. Kirschman, to 11 11 transferred into the IIM system from the Tribal Trust system, Mr. Dorris' assertion, and it's not only he who has made the 12 12 and that's what I just told you. The question was asked: "And assertion, that this notion of an IIM system is a construct of 13 13 the Osage annuity that's in the Tribal Trust system, where does the government's case and that there isn't any such thing? 14 that go?' 14 MR. KIRSCHMAN: That's flatly wrong. What I will tell 15:52:13 15 15:56:03 15 And he answered: "The component that's not transferred you is Ms. Herman designed that chart to try to help explain to 16 into IIM is paid out directly from the Tribal Trust via checks." 16 the Court that the historic flow of money and where the money 17 And the question was put: "So those monies that paid 17 goes and where it does not go, she constructed that chart based 18 18 out through the Tribal Trust system, do those dollars show up on her 11 years of experience in reviewing, I believe it was 19 19 119 million transactions. anywhere in Exhibit 371?" 15:52:31 20 15:56:32 20 And she answered, "No, they do not." So that's just wrong. That's not something we've made 21 21 And the question was then put to her by Mr. Quinn: "So up. And both in October and now, Your Honor --22 22 what then is the Osage annuity column, Column C?" And that was THE COURT: Who used the term "IIM system" before 23 referring, Your Honor, to AR-171 and DX-371. 23 Ms. Herman? 24 24 And Ms. Herman answered: "Only those monies that MR. KIRSCHMAN: I don't know. I would have to look to 15:56:45 **25** 15:52:51 **25** actually enter into the IIM system." see if it was used before. I suspect it has been, because her Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1713 1711 1 1 upon statistical analysis performed by NORC and historical data review of the documents demonstrates the existence of such a 2 2 system. But there's no magic to the word "system." What you provided by Dr. Angel, which I'll address in a few minutes. 3 3 have to look at is the evidence you saw in October and the In summarizing the results of FTI's work, Ms. Herman 4 4 evidence you heard and saw at this trial. And what you could demonstrated how, taking into account the actual current balance 5 5 see yourself, Your Honor, are funds that went to Individual 16:00:49 of dollars held in the IIM system, which is reported as 15:57:09 6 6 Indian Money accounts, and many funds that did not. They came \$423.7 million, Your Honor, the difference between the reported 7 7 into the fund, into 14X-6039, but they were never intended to be trust balances and the estimated average sum of all IIM system 8 8 received by individuals in their IIM accounts. transactions is \$158.7 million. That is the amount which 9 9 Those are the facts. That's what's been uncovered as defendants have not yet been able to explain as of the time of 15:57:33 10 16:01:12 10 the Department of Interior and its contractors, FTI, Morgan this trial. 11 11 Angel, and others, have reviewed the actual documents. And Ms. Herman also clarified - and this is an 12 12 important point - that this amount most surely includes funds So IIM system, there's nothing magical about that. 13 13 That describes the process, that describes the actual flow of that are not intended to be posted to individual IIM accounts 14 14 money for the last 100 years. But it makes a clear distinction, but are still included in the total IIM system. The analysis 16:01:28 15 15:57:57 15 leading up to that figure, to that \$158.7 million figure, is set and this is the important distinction, between all the monies 16 16 that enter into this system and those that were ever intended forth in great detail in not only DX-371 but DX-372, which are 17 17 for Individual Indian Money accounts. That's the important comprised of the volumes of supporting material that you saw, 18 18 distinction for this court to keep in mind, and that's what the volumes. DX -372 includes FTI's detailed road map as to how 19 19 Ms. Herman was explaining through her use of the historical flow figures were reached, as well as contemporaneous documents upon 15:58:17 **20** 16:01:55 20 of funds which it relied. 21 21 But whatever name you put on it, the evidence speaks Now, after Ms. Herman's testimony, Dr. Angel followed 22 for itself. The transactional histories show that not all funds 22 her. His testimony is consistent with Ms. Herman's, and is 23 23 collected as part of the IIM system were ever intended to be credibly based on his years of research and review of hundreds 24 24 paid to the individuals. Dr. Angel - and I'll speak to that and hundreds of historic documents. Dr. Angel testified and 15:58:34 **25** 16:02:17 **25** shortly - also showed you historical examples where you had showed the Court that historically the IIM system contained Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1714 1 1 funds that were not intended for disbursement to individual IIM money coming in that was going to all types of different funds, 2 2 including tribal funds, Tribal IIM that was not intended to go accounts. You may recall, Your Honor, Dr. Angel pointed to, for 3 3 to the beneficiaries. So that's the key point, Your Honor. We example, cemetery funds, school funds, bid deposits, 4 4 shouldn't get hung up on that word "system." rehabilitation funds, and you'll recall wage deposits from the 5 16:02:39 5 Civilian Conservation Corps. These specific examples were at 15:58:53 And as I was saying, Ms. Herman spoke to that BB 6 6 DX-485 and DX-487. notation within the contemporaneous documents as well as the 7 7 fact that that notation appears on the TFAS and the IRMS Dr. Angel further testified that based on early 8 systems, and you saw examples of that during her testimony. She 8 historical documents, it was evident that at times much of the 9 9 explained that these disbursements were not made by checks but Osage revenue was paid directly to individual Osage Indians 15:59:23 10 16:02:58 10 were bookkeeping entries. She presented an example of such a rather than going through the Individual Indian Money account 11 11 disbursement, and at least one of them was DX-481, and she system. And again, that's what we just talked about, and 12 12 explained it in detail. This point, Your Honor, was also made Dr. Angel provided some documentation to show that was 13 13 clear in footnote five of DX-371; that is, the revised AR-171. consistent in the past as well as in the present. 14 Ms. Herman explained what disbursements included in her DX-371. 14 Also, based on his review of approximately 15:59:46 15 16:03:14 15 She further explained that because these disbursements 50 settlement packages and reports from Indian Service Special 16 were not made by check, they were not accounted for by CP&R data 16 Disbursing Agents, Dr. Angel opined that system controls in the 17 and where therefore not accounted for as disbursements in 17 historical records reflect regularity and oversight of the 18 18 plaintiffs' model, even though plaintiffs treated tribal IIM system throughout its history through 1951, making it less 19 19 transfers as revenue. likely that any mistakes or leaks or accumulations in individual 16:00:02 **20** 16:03:37 **20** IIM accounts would go undetected. In assuring that all disbursements from the IIM system 21 21 were included in her DX-371, Ms. Herman relied on all available And finally, Your Honor, Dr. Angel explained to this 22 22 data, including the audited disbursements amounts that were court how we provided historical information to FTI and NORC for 23 23 their use in calculating collections and disbursements into the captured in the electronic funds transfers and in these 24 BB transfers. Ms. Herman also explained that the numbers set 24 IIM system. Dr. Angel not only provided the historical 16:00:24 **25** 16:03:54 **25** forth in DX-371 for disbursements from 1887 to 1972 were based documents themselves, but he also provided context for those Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1717 1715 1 1 documents, such as their limitations. For example, he many years of documents, and he noted specifically at least a 2 2 specifically noted to NORC that the 1922 receipts and few of them in answering questions during his testimony. So one 3 3 disbursements figures was an outlier, and you recall that document presented in isolation should not be enough to 4 4 Dr. Scheuren later testified that he understood that to be a distract -- to detract from that number. 5 5 limitation on the 1922 data. 16:07:48 Now, after Dr. Angel testified we presented the 16:04:11 6 6 Now, Your Honor, you have asked a question regarding statistical analysis of Dr. Scheuren, and Dr. Scheuren explained 7 7 the estimate that Dr. Angel provided FTI regarding the how his multiple imputation analysis used available data to 8 8 Tribal IIM. I'm trying to find your question in my notes. You measure the uncertainty surrounding the point estimate of 9 9 said that struck you as a big round number, I believe were your 10 16:08:08 10 16:04:38 words --Dr. Scheuren testified how he and his team at NORC 11 11 THE COURT: 10 to 15 percent. undertook a statistical analysis using all available 12 12 MR. KIRSCHMAN: -- and you asked if we were sticking to collections, disbursement balances, and Osage data over all the 13 13 that number. And we are, Your Honor. We are. I think his fiscal years to measure the uncertainty within the model. 14 14 estimate was described earlier this afternoon as a guess, but it You'll remember this chart from Dr. Scheuren's testimony. The 16:04:53 15 16:08:29 15 point estimate developed by NORC's model for the IIM system certainly was not a guess, Your Honor. Dr. Angel answered the 16 16 question about how he calculated that 10 to 15 percent in quite balance that could not yet be explained represented a mean and 17 17 an amount of detail. What he relied on was described in detail. was consistent with what DX-371 had demonstrated; while the 18 18 That is found at page 842 of the transcripts, and that was on information within DX-371 led to a calculation of \$158.7 million 19 June 17th. 19 within the IIM system that could not yet be explained, NORC's 16:05:15 **20** 16:08:53 20 Dr. Angel was asked how he calculated that 10 to point estimate for that figure was very close, at \$159.9 21 million. 21 15 percent, and he responded that he could certainly answer that 22 22 question. And if I may, because of the significance that's been Further, Dr. Scheuren explained that prior to the 23 23 attached to this, I would like to read this. "What we did," beginning of the trial, his team had determined that 24 24 Dr. Angel said, "was we looked at documents we had collected statistically, at a 95 percent level of confidence, the evidence 16:05:34 **25** 16:09:10 **25** over the years. These included such documents as audit reports, demonstrated that the amount that could not be explained within Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1718 1 1 the IIM system could be at worst no more than \$365.7 million. such documents as Indian Trust Accounting Division accountings 2 2 of Tribal Individual Indian Monies, these included a review of And that is depicted on DX-464. 3 3 settled account packages, along with review of others in my However, you will recall - and Your Honor, you 4 4 mentioned this as one of your questions - that it became office. These included the 1991 report to Congress, the 1952 5 5 report to Congress, the 1972 OSR audit." apparent during Ms. Herman's cross-examination that certain 16:05:56 16:09:30 6 6 "These included a review," Dr. Angel continued, "of annual data points provided by the Chavarria Dunne firm that 7 7 correspondence. Our audit was also based on -- our estimate was NORC had relied upon as actual numbers were really estimates for 8 also based on a review of the reports that showed how much money 8 a relatively small number of years. And it was based on that 9 9 the United States Government lent to tribal enterprises from the information and with that recent knowledge that Dr. Scheuren 16:06:16 10 16:09:51 10 period 1934 to 1949. It was something like \$13 billion, a moved his confidence levels within his model to adjust for the 11 little over \$13 billion." And he said, "We, Morgan Angel, took 11 uncertainty related to that new information. 12 12 these estimates, we took this data, and I made an estimate. And And that shift in his model is depicted in DX-500 that 13 13 that's what it is, an estimate. And my estimate was also based was shown to you during Dr. Scheuren's testimony. He explained 14 on the historical circumstances," and he went on to describe how 14 that based on his view of the new information, a 97.5 percent 16:10:14 15 16:06:40 15 he accounted for World War II as a historical event that had to upper bound would be an appropriate adjustment, and that 16 be considered. 16 adjustment to a 97.5 percent level of confidence resulted in 17 17 Dr. Scheuren's estimate that no more than \$409.8 million could So Your Honor, it wasn't a guess, it was an estimate 18 18 that Dr. Angel provided to FTI based on his review of all of be left unexplained by the missing data. 19 19 those documents. Your Honor, this amount represents a difference -- the 16:07:00 **20** 16:10:40 **20** \$409.8 million figure represents a difference between the upper After Dr. Angel testified -- oh, and another point in 21 21 that regard. And the record will speak for this. But based on bound depicted on DX-500 of 833.5, and the reported balance of 22 22 our recollection, I believe on cross-examination Dr. Angel was 423.7 million that was shown on DX-371. 23 23 shown one agency's two percent figure for one year. And if And with relation to this upper bound figure, 24 24 that's the case, that lone document in no way should discredit Your Honor, Dr. Scheuren explained, quote, "Despite the 16:07:28 **25** 16:11:07 25 Dr. Angel's testimony or that estimate. His review was based on weaknesses in the system and the length of time that these Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1721 1719 1 1 accumulate in the TGA from an unknown source or from any agency records have been produced, that's as bad as it gets." And that 2 2 testimony is at transcript page 974 through 976. that did not identify where the cash came from. 3 3 Dr. Scheuren next testified about NORC's analysis of Mr. Hoge also explained the important distinction 4 4 Dr. Cornell's model. Dr. Scheuren testified that NORC used between cash that enters the Cash Concentration System to the 5 5 Dr. Cornell's model of linear interpolation to make a comparison 16:14:42 TGA, and the fund amounts accounted for in Treasury's Central 16:11:29 6 6 model, but incorporated into Dr. Cornell's model all of the Accounting System. This is a distinction that continues to be 7 7 available data related to collections and disbursements. Using muddied by plaintiffs. Funds within the Central Accounting 8 8 the same model as Dr. Cornell, but with all available data System, such as the IIM funds in 14X-6039, are merely internal 9 9 points incorporated into it, resulted in a small, approximately bookkeeping entries. 16:11:50 10 16:15:01 10 \$31.5 million, upward adjustment, to the \$423.7 million reported Because of that, Your Honor, Mr. Hoge explained that 11 11 in the IIM system. the government does not benefit from a greater IIM fund balance 12 12 within 14X-6039; instead, as the amount of funds in 14X-6039 When Dr. Scheuren came back for a second day of 13 13 cross-examination, he explained the significant differences goes up, the government's liability goes up, and that fund 14 14 between NORC's work using Dr. Cornell's model and Dr. Cornell's balance does not increase the amount of cash that is in the TGA. 16:12:10 15 16:15:24 15 model. He explained that NORC used all of the data pairs that Finally, Mr. Hoge explained that IIM accounts are 16 16 provided receipt and disbursement information, whereas treated differently from other fund accounts in the Central 17 17 Dr. Cornell had used data only from certain years. He also Accounting System because they are deposit fund accounts and 18 18 noted that NORC used total disbursement figures for a year that they do not belong to the government. They are not owned by the 19 19 included such things as electronic funds transfers and transfers government. Thus, Mr. Hoge explained they constitute a 16:12:29 **20** 16:15:42 20 of tribal money, while Dr. Cornell had only relied upon CP&R liability against the government and against the Treasury. They 21 21 data. are not treated as government funds and they are not included 22 After Dr. Scheuren was finished testifying, Your Honor, 22 within the government's budget. 23 23 our next three witnesses each addressed plaintiffs' claim that After Mr. Hoge, Your Honor, Gary Grippo, the Deputy 24 24 the government had derived approximately a \$55 billion benefit Assistant Secretary For Fiscal Operations and Policy, testified, 16:12:43 **25** 16:15:59 25 by withholding money and using that money for its own use. and he has been employed by Treasury for 16 years. Mr. Grippo Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1720 1722 1 1 testified that for the last fiscal year, the amount of the Together, these three witnesses completely and convincingly 2 2 established that there's no factual basis for this federal government's budgetary receipts was approximately 3 3 benefit-to-the-government claim. \$2.6 trillion, and the government's outlays were even greater 4 4 Dr. Terry Kehoe was the first of these witnesses. He than those receipts. 5 5 THE COURT: We know that. demonstrated through his review of historical documents that for 16:13:00 16:16:17 6 6 much of the IIM system's history, a large percentage of MR. KIRSCHMAN: Sadly. Mr. Grippo examined the total 7 7 IIM funds were held outside of the Department of Treasury. He revenues then into the IIM system for the year 2007 as he was 8 explained that from 1989 -- I'm sorry, I have my years mixed up. 8 shown Plaintiffs' Attachment A. That amount stated in 9 9 From 1889 through 1933, very little money was held at Treasury. Attachment A was \$336 million. Mr. Grippo testified that this 16:13:24 10 16:16:40 10 He also showed that from 1933 through 1966, while more funds \$336 million in the IIM system would not factor into Treasury's 11 11 were held in Treasury, that money was mostly in government borrowing decisions. 12 12 securities. And finally, Your Honor, Dr. Kehoe demonstrated He explained that the government's scale of borrowing 13 13 that from 1966 until approximately 1985, there was again very is such that relatively marginal amounts like \$500 million on a 14 little funds held at Treasury. 14 given day would not impact how Treasury borrows, let alone an 16:13:44 15 16:17:01 15 The next witness, Jeffrey Hoge, was our first witness annual figure, an annual figure of \$336 million. In fact, he 16 from the Department of the Treasury. As director of the 16 explained that Treasury's financing group makes decisions on 17 Accounting Systems Division within FMS, Dr. Hoge demonstrated 17 what to borrow in billion-dollar increments, and that the amount 18 18 detailed knowledge about the Treasury General Account and of IIM revenues would not have any effect on Treasury's 19 19 decisions about whether or how much to borrow. Treasury's Central Accounting System, two very different things. 16:14:05 **20** 16:17:21 **20** Based on his knowledge, Mr. Hoge explained the detailed Mr. Grippo further testified that Treasury's financing 21 21 reporting requirements that are followed to ensure that every group has no knowledge of IIM, and even if the information were 22 22 dollar coming into the TGA is tracked to the penny. Because of to be provided to them, it would make no difference in the 23 23 borrowing decisions the financing group makes. these strict tracking requirements, he explained how no cash can 24 24 disappear from or leak out of the Cash Concentration System that Mr. Grippo also testified that cash in investments held 16:14:25 **25** 16:17:41 **25** moves the cash into the TGA in New York. Nor could cash outside Treasury, like the IIM funds that Interior deposits in Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1723 1725 1 or invests in commercial banks, is cash that Treasury is not 1 \$557,219.08. The very small difference between these total 2 2 controlling and thus plays no role in any borrowing decisions. receipts and total disbursements for the representative named 3 3 It is money that Treasury does not even consider available to plaintiffs was \$2,798. And that does not mean, Your Honor, that 4 4 this amount was not later disbursed, but it does show that at 5 5 16:18:00 This testimony from these very credible three 16:21:32 the time of this analysis, that difference was under \$3,000. 6 6 witnesses, Dr. Kehoe, Mr. Hoge, and Mr. Grippo, read together Although Ernst & Young did not calculate a disbursement 7 7 establish beyond any reasonable dispute that there is no basis rate, Your Honor, looking at these figures and doing the math 8 8 for plaintiffs' benefit-to-the-government claim. And plaintiffs reveals that 99.5 percent of the total receipts posted to these 9 9 offered no one, no one in their rebuttal case to refute them. accounts were disbursed from those accounts. 16:18:22 10 10 Our last three witnesses, Your Honor, completed 16:21:51 Those. Your Honor, are the numbers, that is the 11 11 defendants's responsive case by demonstrating that the evidence evidence we have regarding the representative named plaintiffs, 12 12 of record does not support a conclusion that 30 percent of the those are the facts that have been established. With the 13 money that should have been disbursed to IIM beneficiaries was 13 credible numbers provided by Ms. Herman, Dr. Angel, and 14 14 not disbursed. Dr. Scheuren, these are the numbers that refute plaintiffs' 16:18:37 15 16:22:07 15 You will recall, Your Honor, that Ali Mushtaq at NORC claims for billions and billions of dollars. 16 16 and Frank Banda of the Resnick Group testified regarding the And Your Honor, plaintiffs' rebuttal case certainly did 17 17 Treasury and GAO settlement packages. Consistent with not in any way detract from the numbers defendants presented to 18 18 Dr. Angel's earlier opinion regarding these settlement packages, you. At our last pretrial conference on June 2nd, Your Honor, 19 19 you offered plaintiffs the opportunity to put on an expanded Mr. Mushtag and Mr. Banda showed evidence that supports the 16:18:54 **20** 16:22:28 20 conclusion that through 1951, there was an orderly review rebuttal case. You stated that although it might not be 21 21 process in place by an outside agency that led to detailed rebuttal, strictly speaking, because of the circumstances 22 scrutiny of the IIM records. 22 leading up to the trial, you would allow plaintiffs to put on 23 23 Mr. Banda explained the two-tiered review process that any of their may call witnesses to respond to the witnesses we 24 24 the IIM transactional information went through, and opined that offered in our responsive case. 16:19:13 **25** 16:22:42 25 Plaintiffs did not do that. Instead, after having put based on the Resnick Group's review, there was a thorough review Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1724 1726 1 1 of the IIM records performed from 1890 through 1951. on only six witnesses during their case-in-chief, none of whom 2 Your Honor, our final witness, Joseph Rosenbaum, was a 2 established a factual foundation for plaintiffs' claim for 3 3 very significant witness. And it's Mr. Rosenbaum who reviewed billions of dollars, plaintiffs chose instead to call only 4 4 in detail the histories of the named plaintiffs and their Dr. Palmer. And Dr. Palmer as an expert witness did not and 5 16:23:05 5 could not establish any facts necessary to prove plaintiffs' designated predecessors. It is these named predecessors who are 16:19:36 6 6 representative of this class as a whole; a class, by the way, case. 7 7 again, that includes present and former beneficiaries of As you heard yesterday, even in his model that 8 Individual Indian Money accounts. 8 purported to use the data that we had provided during the course 9 9 Now, what Mr. Rosenbaum found debunks any serious of the trial, Dr. Palmer, at the direction of plaintiffs, was 16:19:58 10 16:23:22 10 argument that significant amounts of money that should have been still being selective in the data he would use, and would 11 disbursed into individual IIM accounts was not. He showed that 11 repeatedly substitute his own estimates instead of relying on 12 12 through portions of his earlier work, and these were marked as the available data, instead of relying on the actual numbers 13 DX-515. 13 found within the documents. 14 DX-515 sets out some of Mr. Rosenbaum's most relevant 14 He, like Dr. Cornell, summed data from a document but 16:20:16 15 16:23:42 15 findings. Over 12,600 transactions totaling \$1.1 million were would then disregard data from another available document. And 16 examined by Ernst & Young. These transactions were located in 16 the clearest example of that was Dr. Palmer's adjustment of the 17 IIM ledgers and account statements, and in IRMS and TFAS data. 17 1955 disbursements amount found in the 1955 Comptroller 18 18 Reconstructed transactions, and you recall, or you may recall General's report, and that is at Plaintiffs' Exhibit 53. 19 19 Mr. Rosenbaum spoke to those briefly, were not part of the Dr. Palmer had absolutely no information that justified his view 16:24:08 **20** 16:20:41 20 analysis of the over 12,600 transactions found in the ledger that the internal control shortcomings mentioned in the report 21 21 information. could somehow be interpreted and then quantified to mean that 22 22 As you can see from DX-515, total receipts, including actual disbursements are approximately 74.5 percent of the 23 both collections and interest, totaled \$560,017.08. 23 reported amount. But that is what he did in his calculations. 24 24 Disbursements for that same time period for the accounts As they did with Dr. Cornell, plaintiffs again had 16:21:06 **25** 16:24:27 **25** reviewed of the named plaintiffs and their predecessors equalled Dr. Palmer use unfounded assumptions in plugging numbers into Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1727 1729 1 his model. Dr. Palmer's adjustment of data for 1972 and 1987 --1 are not paid by check, but by a bookkeeping entry; for example, 2 1972 through 1987 and 2003 through 2007, where he used his 2 BB transfers are journal entries representing approximately 3 3 134.1 percent analysis, you recall this from yesterday, that 20 percent of disbursements, and both Dr. Palmer and Dr. Cornell 4 4 adjustment effectively reduced disbursements to close to failed to consider these in deriving their low disbursement 5 5 75 percent of the reported amounts. 16:28:38 rates. And something to point out, again, DX-371 expressly 16:24:54 6 6 In doing this, Dr. Palmer rejected actual reported indicated in footnote five how Ms. Herman was considering these 7 7 transfers. disbursement data generated by business records, and in the case 8 8 of the time period 2003 to 2007, amounts that were reported in This flaw in both Dr. Palmer's and Professor Cornell's 9 9 audited financial statements. analysis provides much of the explanation for Dr. Palmer's 16:25:15 10 10 Also, Your Honor, plaintiffs' disbursement rate 16:29:03 decision to discount disbursements for 1972 and 1987, and for 11 11 2003 through 2007 using his 134.1 percent ratio analysis that we understates disbursements made by check by over six percent. 12 12 You may recall that plaintiffs' evaluation of the CP&R data for heard about yesterday. 13 fiscal year 1999 resulted in an incorrect assumption that only 13 Finally, Dr. Palmer's model, as had Dr. Cornell's, 14 14 93.68 percent of checks issued throughout the history of the assumes that only current year revenues were not disbursed 16:25:34 15 16:29:28 15 IIM Trust were cashed. That assumption is contradicted by the during the history of the IIM system, and there is simply no 16 16 factual foundation for that assumption. But as a result of it, evidence of record, evidence that is both in the record of the 17 17 October trial and in this trial, Your Honor. Plaintiff's six there's a compounding effect that inflates plaintiffs' claim 18 18 percent discount for check disbursements understates total dramatically. 19 19 disbursements by approximately \$900 million. Those, Your Honor, are only a few of the flaws in 16:25:57 **20** 16:29:44 **20** And Your Honor, this was another question you raised Dr. Palmer's model. In our proposed findings of fact we will 21 21 regarding CP&R data. You asked the question -- I didn't have a address more in more detail, and address these in more detail 22 chance to jot down the exact question, but you noted this 22 with more explanation. 23 23 six percent factor. And I want to point out that we have I want to address now the issue of interest that 24 24 briefed this issue, at least in part, in our April brief where really -- and we addressed part of this yesterday. In our view, 16:26:20 **25** 16:30:10 **25** we addressed the evidence from October that demonstrates a more you may recall, we objected to the claim, the alternate claim Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1728 1730 1 1 accurate rate related to the CP&R data. now for interest as specific relief. This was a matter not 2 2 Now, Dr. Palmer also calculated what he called before raised, and it is something that is, one, clearly a legal 3 3 corrected revenues, and as we've already touched upon and as was issue, and two, one that as a result we will clearly address in 4 4 addressed by witnesses throughout the trial, those are bloated our conclusions of law. 5 5 with Osage headright revenue. Dr. Palmer's model repeats the 16:30:29 But let me just say this about it: Plaintiffs have 16:26:44 6 6 flawed analysis of Osage headright revenues that existed in cited the interest provisions in the 1994 Act, 25 U.S.C. 401. 7 7 Professor Cornell's model. Dr. Palmer's decision to include If you look at the terms of that you will see that it talks 8 virtually all of the payments, deducting only the 1.25 percent 8 about a claim being paid as a result of a reconciliation process 9 9 for the Osage Nation share, resulted in an inclusion of payments and a claim being identified by an individual who had to present 16:27:09 10 16:31:05 10 made directly from the Osage tribe account to annuitants. And information or documents to the Secretary, and then, through the 11 you will recall during the cross-examination of Dr. Palmer that 11 reconciliation, an amount would be paid. 12 12 this was demonstrated by examples, by documents in DX-372. That is not this case. That provision, 4012 -- and 13 13 Significantly, Dr. Palmer expressly agreed with the again, we will brief this more, and I should point out, Your 14 earlier testimony of Dr. Cornell that if the payments, quote, 14 Honor, we also have -- we have briefed this in our April 9th 16:27:37 15 16:31:27 15 "never flowed through the IIM Trust, they should not have been brief, our pretrial brief to the Court. But those provisions 16 16 included in their models." dealing with interest are not applicable here. 17 17 Using the amount in Palmer's model results in nominal In our brief on April 9th, for example, we point out in 18 18 overstatement of revenues in excess of \$821 million. Both footnote 54 that there was a -- I'm sorry, strike that. So we 19 19 Dr. Palmer and Dr. Cornell agreed that such an overstatement will address that further. 16:31:50 **20** 16:28:00 20 translated to an excess of \$11 billion after adding their But the provision cited now and not addressed by any 21 21 interest calculations. witness, nor should they have because it's a legal issue, do not 22 Regarding Tribal IIM and all other tribal funds, 22 provide a basis to award interest. 23 Dr. Palmer includes them as collections but then does not 23 Mention was also made regarding the 1841 act which is 24 recognize the disbursement of these tribal funds because he uses 24 currently at 31 U.S.C. 9702. And that 1841 act, Your Honor, 16:28:19 **25** 16:32:13 25 only CP&R and PACER data. These disbursements you will recall does not apply to IIM accounts. We will establish that. One Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1731 1733 1 thing we cited in our April brief in footnote 54 was in the 1 amount of unexplained monies within the IIM system even further 2 2 1991 Comp General opinion, which stated specifically that than we did at this trial. However, even at this point in time, 3 3 Section 162 does not require a payment of interest. So there's with the limited amount of time and resources defendants have 4 no historical basis to find that interest was due based upon 4 had to address the Court's inquiries, the credible evidence and 5 5 certainly the 1841 account -- the 1841 statute. 16:36:02 testimony demonstrates that the difference between the current 16:32:43 6 6 reported ending balance of the IIM system and the average What we will present to the Court, for example, is a 7 7 statistical estimate of the ending balance is \$158.7 million. statute, I believe in 1936, that specifically made it clear that 8 8 that provision does not apply to Individual Indian Money funds. Further, employing a confidence level of 97.5 percent 9 9 to account for the information developed during the trial, So Your Honor, in summary, now that the trial is 16:33:08 10 16:36:22 10 concluded and the witnesses have had their turn, it is clear Dr. Scheuren's statistical analysis credibly established that at 11 11 that plaintiffs did not carry their burdens of proof. After worst no more than \$409.8 million cannot be explained within 12 12 12 years to prepare for this trial, a trial in which they are that IIM system. And, Your Honor, as Ms. Herman testified, this 13 seeking billions and billions of dollars, plaintiffs presented 13 unexplained amount of funds within the IIM system undoubtedly 14 14 the thinnest of cases possible. They presented six witnesses, includes amounts more than just the Individual Indian Money 16:33:29 15 16:36:47 15 five of whom had no personal knowledge or probative evidence to account monies. 16 16 offer to support the plaintiffs' burden, and their first expert, With that in mind, Your Honor, to the extent your 17 Dr. Cornell, who offered at best numbers that he himself 17 decision will include an amount next to a dollar sign, it should 18 18 admitted required refinement and modifications. These six be a low amount indeed. 19 witnesses offered no affirmative proof to support a claim for 19 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Kirschman. I keep doing 16:33:49 **20** 16:37:19 20 \$58 billion or \$47 billion. this. I'm sorry about this. But you keep saying, "if we had 21 21 Further, even if this Court were to consider their sole enough time." I'm going to quote four lines of poetry: "At my 22 rebuttal witness, Dr. Palmer, the evidence presented by that 22 back I always hear at times winged chariot hurrying near and 23 23 witness proved to be as defective as the witness he replaced, yonder. All before us lie deserts of vast eternity." 24 24 If you know bluegrass, you'll know where that poem Dr. Cornell, for the reasons I just gave you and for reasons we 16:34:12 **25** 16:37:46 **25** will explain in further detail with the findings of fact. comes from. kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 1734 1 1 On the basis of this shallowest of cases, Your Honor, Does the Osage Nation have anything to say this 2 2 plaintiffs request that this Court enter an award that would in afternoon? 3 3 some manner, a manner as yet still undefined by plaintiffs, set MR. GODFREY: Yes, Your Honor. 4 4 the stage for one of the largest awards of relief ever entered THE COURT: I'll be happy to hear from you, sir. 5 5 MR. GODFREY: Thank you. Merrill Godfrey on behalf of by a court. Given their utter failure to provide factual 16:34:35 16:37:54 6 6 evidence to support their claim, this Court should firmly and the Osage Nation. 7 7 quickly reject that request. THE COURT: Mr. Godfrey. 8 Plaintiffs have wholly failed to establish a reasonable 8 MR. GODFREY: The Osage Nation's position in this case 9 9 approximation of any amount to be disgorged. Certainly by no turns on the government's duty here, and the government's duty 16:34:53 10 16:38:09 10 stretch of the imagination have plaintiffs come close to meeting is to disburse the funds that it was required to hold on behalf 11 11 of individual Indians. their burden as described in the Court's May 2nd, 2008 pretrial 12 12 order. They have failed to present a credible case for relief, The Osage have a hybrid system, and explaining that 13 13 much less one that could be used to create the means for them to system very briefly I think will shine some light on what the 14 recover hundreds of millions or even billions of dollars. 14 government's duty in this case is and how the award should be 16:35:09 15 16:38:29 15 For that reason, the Court should grant our Rule 52(c) measured 16 16 motion for judgment against plaintiffs. Should the Court The Osage mineral estate is a tribal asset, and for a 17 decline to grant our motion and adhere to its intention to enter 17 time the mineral income is held on behalf of the tribe. That's 18 18 a decision in which a number is placed behind a dollar sign, specified by statute. There is a time when those funds are 19 19 your review of the testimony and evidence presented in our required by statute to be segregated into individual shares and 16:35:28 **20** 16:38:56 **20** rebuttal case can lead or should lead to only one conclusion, distributed to the headright owners. It is at that time that 21 21 that the government's witnesses and documents clearly and those funds are required by statute to be held on behalf of 22 22 convincingly refuted plaintiffs' claim for 49 or 47 billion individual Indians. 23 dollars. 23 So the Osage funds do come into the picture of the 24 As you've heard repeatedly, Your Honor, given more 24 government's duty in this case; the question is when. And under 16:35:44 **25** 16:39:16 25 time, defendants could perform more work that would reduce the the 1906 Act, the individual headright owners have a right to a Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net

1735 1737 1 1 quarterly distribution at the end of the fiscal quarter. The distributions. 2 2 distribution historically has taken one of two forms. One form With respect to the monies that were held on behalf of 3 3 is a transfer to the IIM accounts of individual Osage headright the tribe, the Osage Nation currently has a damages claim in the 4 4 owners; the other, which has been alluded to by the government, Court of Federal Claims, and that's another reason why this is 5 5 is a distribution by check directly to the Osage headright 16:43:40 not a formalistic distinction. The individual's right to the 16:39:49 6 6 money begins at the end of the fiscal quarter when the right to owner. 7 7 a distribution arises. The government's distinction between the funds that 8 8 went into what they call the IIM system and the funds that were THE COURT: Where does the damages claim stop and the 9 9 distributed by check is formalistic, and they've offered no equitable claim in this court begin? 16:40:15 10 16:43:58 10 basis for the decision to distribute some of the funds through MR. GODFREY: At the time that the statute specifies 11 11 check as opposed to putting them into accounts for individual for the distribution, which is the end of the fiscal quarter. 12 12 Indians. Under statute, the obligation is at the end of the So to the extent that the evidence shows that monies should have 13 13 been distributed to Osage headright owners, that money should go fiscal quarter to segregate those funds and to hold them on 14 14 behalf of individual headright owners. The government should into the input side of the equation in this case. 16:40:38 15 16:44:17 15 THE COURT: And what if there's no evidence specific to not get off the hook by saying, well, we decided to cut checks 16 16 to some of these people for reasons we haven't explained. that point, but the evidence is only aggregated among and across 17 17 Therefore, the Osage Nation's position is that all of all Indians and all tribes? 18 18 the funds that were required to be distributed to headright MR. GODFREY: I think the --19 19 THE COURT: The suggestion of the plaintiffs -- and owners were required by statute to be held in trust for 16:40:56 **20** 16:44:41 20 individual Indians, and that that amount of money should have they've been very careful to say any award would be distributed 21 21 been disbursed. And to the extent that it was not, those monies as the Court would direct, but their suggestion is that the 22 should be part of a restitutionary award in this case. 22 award should be distributed per capita. 23 23 At all times before the distribution specified by MR. GODFREY: Well, to the extent that the records show 24 24 statute at the end of the fiscal quarter, the funds are held on that funds were owed to Osage headright owners, there's no 16:41:20 **25** 16:45:00 25 behalf of the Osage tribe. Statute specifies that royalties are reason to award those funds per capita to all other Indians. I Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net Rebecca Stonestreet (202) 354-3249 kingreporter2@verizon.net 1736 1738 1 1 collected for the tribe, the royalties are owned by the tribe, understand that to the extent there's not evidence that funds 2 2 and that Congress can appropriate out of those funds to provide were held for any particular Indian, that the Court would 3 3 for tribal purposes, such as historically the education of Osage approximate by doing a per capita distribution. 4 4 children, improvements that benefit the tribe as a whole, and But in this case, because the Osage Nation has a 5 5 similar purposes. It is only at the end of the fiscal quarter special system, and because, as evidenced by some of the reports 16:41:48 16:45:19 6 6 that the headright amount is calculated out of the remainder. that the government has been able to produce, there is a 7 7 Admittedly, the amount that is used for tribal purposes separate system for the Osage --8 is very limited, and the Osage Nation views seriously its role 8 THE COURT: Well, I suggest that when you file whatever 9 9 of protecting as much of the funds as it can to be distributed you're going to file, and you will have the opportunity to file 16:42:14 10 16:45:34 10 to the headright owners at the end of the fiscal quarter. The on the same schedule as the other parties here, Mr. Godfrey, 11 11 Osage Nation has no discretion, as has been pointed out, under that you be as precise as you can about the nature of your 12 12 statute to appropriate funds on its own for statutory -- excuse damages claim and how it impacts and how it may be prejudiced 13 13 me. Congress specifies how much of the headright revenue is and how it -- where its boundaries are as distinct from the 14 subject to the discretion of the Osage Nation for certain 14 boundaries of the plaintiff class claim in this case. 16:42:42 15 16:45:59 15 MR. GODFREY: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor. expenses. So the headright owners do have a right to that 16 16 distribution, but the right begins at the end of the fiscal THE COURT: Thank you very much. Mr. Dorris, you want 17 quarter. 17 to give a rebuttal but I don't have time for a rebuttal. 18 18 Now, this is not a formalistic distinction, from the MR. DORRIS: Your Honor, I have two points, one 19 19 Osage Nation's perspective. It's a very important one, because administrative, one substantive, and I can do it in less than 16:46:14 **20** 16:43:00 20 it historically has been very important to the tribe that the one minute 21 21 mineral estate has remained a tribal asset, a collective asset, THE COURT: I'll hear your administrative point. 22 22 even though it is individuals who eventually receive the income. MR. DORRIS: Okay. It's reported to me that the docket 23 That's particularly important for the headright owners 23 shows the findings of fact and conclusions of law to be due on 24 24 themselves, because the sovereign government of the Osage Nation July 8th. I understood from yesterday --16:46:27 **25** 16:43:18 **25** is the protector of the headright owner's right to receive those THE COURT: No, we're going to talk about that. 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| | 1739 | | 1741 |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| 1 | MR. DORRIS: If I get it done in 30 seconds? | 1 | that I've heard all through this trial. I hope that your |
| 2 | THE COURT: 30 seconds. | 2 | proposed findings and conclusions will give me concisely, but |
| 3 | MR. DORRIS: Your Honor, a large number should not | 3 | will give me whatever guidance you can on the standards of proof |
| 4 | · | 4 | |
| _ | cause this court to turn away from justice. As the DC Circuit said in | 16:49:52 5 | in equity. Because it is absolutely true that whatever award is |
| 16:46:41 5 | | 16:49:52 | issued in this case has to be made on the basis of statistics, |
| 7 | THE COURT: I thought you had a substantive point. | 7 | interpolations, estimates, some of you call it guesses. There |
| 8 | That sounds like a rhetorical point to me, Mr. Dorris. | 8 | is very little hard data on which to base an award that covers |
| 9 | MR. DORRIS: Well, I may have misspoken, Your Honor. | 9 | 120 some years of collections and disbursements by the |
| _ | THE COURT: All right. Your 30 seconds are running. | 16:50:16 10 | government. |
| 16:46:53 10 | MR. DORRIS: The DC Circuit said in 2005 at 414 F.3d | | And by the way, a lot of what we've seen during this |
| 11 | 13, in the Medicare reimbursement litigation, quote, "Having to | 11 | trial deals with modern era and relatively modern era account |
| | pay a sum one owes can hardly amount to an equitable reason for | 12 | numbers and accounting techniques, and I have no idea whether |
| 13 | not requiring payment." | 13 | 14X-6039 existed before 1920 or 1910. Nobody has told me that. |
| 14 | Your Honor, the amount is high but the years have been | 14 | And we have no idea about accounting systems. We're |
| 16:47:12 15 | many. Thank you. | 16:50:40 15 | pulling numbers out of reports and aggregate numbers here and |
| 16 | THE COURT: Thank you, sir. | 16 | there, and somehow making them into numbers. It is a very, very |
| 17 | MR. KIRSCHMAN: Your Honor | 17 | difficult process that if this were a damage case, and there is |
| 18 | THE COURT: How many seconds do you want, | 18 | no court in the country that would award damages on the basis of |
| 19 | Mr. Kirschman? | 19 | what we've heard here, because it would be called remote and |
| 16:47:21 20 | MR. KIRSCHMAN: 45 seconds. | 16:51:02 20 | speculative in any court of law that is considering a damages |
| 21 | THE COURT: You've got 30. | 21 | award. |
| 22 | MR. KIRSCHMAN: This is in response to counsel for | 22 | Equity, equity is a different animal. And we are |
| 23 | Osage. Counsel for Osage suggests that the government is making | 23 | sitting as a court of equity, and we will have to make a |
| 24 | a formalistic distinction between tribal funds and IIM funds, | 24 | decision on the the best decision we can. But I need some |
| 16:47:38 25 | and that is not the case. The only claim here is related to IIM | 16:51:22 25 | help from both sides on the question of just how much what I |
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| | 1740 | | 1742 |
| 1 | funds. | 1 | want is the maxim that says equity loves guesswork, or hates |
| 2 | And in fact, I want to point to the Court, in my | 2 | guess work. You know, give me either way. |
| 3 | 15 seconds left, the transcript at 163, where Ms. Infield | 3 | Second, on Mr. Kirschman's repeated raising of his |
| 4 | herself testified not that Osage revenues are classified as | 4 | Rule 52(c) motion, which as I remember it at the close of the |
| 16:47:57 5 | funds in Treasury's IIM account, but that the Osage headright | 16:51:50 5 | plaintiffs' case didn't govern the whole award, it governed the |
| 6 | revenues are classified as funds in an Osage annuity account | 6 | benefit-to-the-government award, I continue to believe that the |
| 7 | within Treasury. | 7 | government has the better argument here. I am not going to rule |
| 8 | These are two different cases, two different sets of | 8 | on it now because the plaintiffs have not responded to it |
| 9 | plaintiffs, and they should not be merged here at the 11th hour. | 9 | formally in writing, nor have they really had a chance to do so. |
| 16:48:13 10 | THE COURT: Okay. I'm sure this is all going to be | 16:52:13 10 | And they may do so either separately by a response to the 52(c) |
| 11 | clarified for me in the findings of fact. Now, proposed | 11 | motion or they may do it as part of their proposed findings and |
| 12 | findings and conclusions are due from all parties, | 12 | conclusions of law. |
| 13 | simultaneously or whenever they get around to filing them, on | 13 | What I am frankly concerned about is the expectations |
| 14 | the date of July 11th. I have told you that we are operating on | 14 | that have been built up here, by repetition in the press and by |
| 16:48:32 15 | a tight schedule, frankly, for the efficient use of the | 16:52:32 15 | the plaintiffs, of an award that is in 11 digits. I have to |
| 16 | resources of this court. And accordingly, oppositions, that is | 16 | tell you, from where I sit today, it looks like the dispute in |
| 17 | responses of any kind, will be due 10 days, 10 calendar days, | 17 | this case is between 10 digits and nine digits. |
| 18 | later on July 21st. | 18 | I think the burden of proof lies with the plaintiffs on |
| 19 | And that will be all the briefing that we will | 19 | the benefit-to-the-government claim, as I have indicated in |
| 16:48:55 20 | entertain before we issue a ruling. That ruling will be issued, | 16:53:02 20 | earlier court filings, including a reference to that Indiana Law |
| 21 | I say, and I hope I will not be guilty, like Mr. Dorris, of | 21 | Review article that the plaintiffs showed part of on the screen |
| 22 | having misspoken, will be issued within the month of August. | 22 | today. And my instinct - and I need help from the parties in |
| 23 | Now, a couple of closing observations. I have been | 23 | the briefs on this - my instinct is that the standards of proof |
| 1 | | 24 | for benefit to the government would be more rigorous than the |
| 24 | very interested in the summaries and arguments of both sides, | | for benefit to the government would be more rigorous than the |
| 24 16:49:20 25 | very interested in the summaries and arguments of both sides, which continue the high level of professionalism and excellence | 16:53:43 25 | standards of proof on the underlying disgorgement award. |

and make some demonstration of how the spreadsheet would react if the numbers were different. I don't care how many combinations and permutations you present, but those are at least some of the numbers that I think are questionable and need to be considered.

I think I'll stop right there. Once again, counsel, I want to thank everybody for their patience and their relative good humor during this long procedure. Well tried case, great laptops, we're adjourned.

(Proceedings adjourned at 4:57 p.m.)

Rebecca Stonestreet

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16:57:03 10

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